

Package ‘git2r’

May 8, 2026

Type Package

Title Provides Access to Git Repositories

Description Interface to the 'libgit2' library, which is a pure C implementation of the 'Git' core methods. Provides access to 'Git' repositories to extract data and running some basic 'Git' commands.

Version 0.36.2

License GPL-2

URL <https://docs.ropensci.org/git2r/>,
<https://github.com/ropensci/git2r>

BugReports <https://github.com/ropensci/git2r/issues>

Imports graphics, utils

Depends R (>= 4.0)

Suggests getPass

NeedsCompilation yes

SystemRequirements libgit2 (>= 1.0) and its dependencies libssh2 and openssl header and libraries.

Collate 'blame.R' 'blob.R' 'branch.R' 'bundle_r_package.R'
'checkout.R' 'commit.R' 'config.R' 'contributions.R'
'credential.R' 'diff.R' 'fetch.R' 'git2r.R' 'index.R'
'libgit2.R' 'merge.R' 'note.R' 'odb.R' 'plot.R' 'pull.R'
'punch_card.R' 'push.R' 'reference.R' 'reflog.R' 'refspec.R'
'remote.R' 'repository.R' 'reset.R' 'revparse.R' 'sha.R'
'signature.R' 'stash.R' 'status.R' 'tag.R' 'time.R' 'tree.R'
'when.R'

Encoding UTF-8

RoxygenNote 7.3.2

Author Stefan Widgren [aut, cre] (ORCID:
<https://orcid.org/0000-0001-5745-2284>),
Gabor Csardi [ctb],

Gregory Jefferis [ctb],
 Jennifer Bryan [ctb],
 Jeroen Ooms [ctb],
 Jim Hester [ctb],
 John Blischak [ctb],
 Karthik Ram [ctb],
 Peter Carbonetto [ctb],
 Scott Chamberlain [ctb],
 Thomas Rosendal [ctb]

Maintainer Stefan Widgren <stefan.widgren@gmail.com>

Repository CRAN

Date/Publication 2025-03-29 10:00:02 UTC

Contents

add	4
ahead_behind	6
as.data.frame.git_repository	7
as.data.frame.git_tree	8
as.list.git_tree	9
blame	10
blob_create	12
branches	13
branch_create	14
branch_delete	15
branch_get_upstream	16
branch_remote_name	17
branch_remote_url	18
branch_rename	19
branch_set_upstream	20
branch_target	21
bundle_r_package	22
checkout	23
clone	25
commit	26
commits	28
config	30
content	31
contributions	32
cred_env	34
cred_ssh_key	35
cred_token	36
cred_user_pass	37
default_signature	38
descendant_of	39
diff.git_repository	40
discover_repository	43

fetch	44
fetch_heads	46
git2r	47
git_config_files	48
git_time	48
hash	50
hashfile	50
head.git_repository	51
index_remove_bypath	52
init	53
in_repository	54
is_bare	55
is_binary	56
is_blob	57
is_branch	58
is_commit	59
is_detached	60
is_empty	61
is_head	62
is_local	63
is_merge	64
is_shallow	65
is_tag	66
is_tree	67
last_commit	68
length.git_blob	69
length.git_diff	70
length.git_tree	70
libgit2_features	71
libgit2_version	71
lookup	72
lookup_commit	73
ls_tree	74
merge.git_branch	76
merge_base	78
notes	79
note_create	80
note_default_ref	82
note_remove	83
odb_blobs	84
odb_objects	85
parents	86
plot.git_repository	87
print.git_reflog_entry	88
pull	89
punch_card	91
push	92
references	94

reflog	95
remotes	96
remote_add	97
remote_ls	98
remote_remove	99
remote_rename	100
remote_set_url	101
remote_url	102
repository	103
repository_head	105
reset	106
revparse_single	107
rm_file	108
sha	109
ssh_path	111
ssl_cert_locations	112
stash	112
stash_apply	114
stash_drop	115
stash_list	116
stash_pop	118
status	119
summary.git_repository	120
summary.git_stash	122
summary.git_tree	123
tag	124
tags	125
tag_delete	126
tree	127
when	128
workdir	129
[".git_tree"]	130

Index**132**

add	<i>Add file(s) to index</i>
-----	-----------------------------

Description

Add file(s) to index

Usage

```
add(repo = ".", path = NULL, force = FALSE)
```

Arguments

repo	a path to a repository or a git_repository object. Default is `.`
path	Character vector with file names or shell glob patterns that will be matched against files in the repository's working directory. Each file that matches will be added to the index (either updating an existing entry or adding a new entry).
force	Add ignored files. Default is FALSE.

Value

invisible(NULL)

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize a repository
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)

## Create a user
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

## Create a file
writeLines("a", file.path(path, "a.txt"))

## Add file to repository and view status
add(repo, "a.txt")
status(repo)

## Add file with a leading './' when the repository working
## directory is the current working directory
setwd(path)
writeLines("b", file.path(path, "b.txt"))
add(repo, "./b.txt")
status(repo)

## Add a file in a sub-folder with sub-folder as the working
## directory. Create a file in the root of the repository
## working directory that will remain untracked.
dir.create(file.path(path, "sub_dir"))
setwd("./sub_dir")
writeLines("c", file.path(path, "c.txt"))
writeLines("c", file.path(path, "sub_dir/c.txt"))
add(repo, "c.txt")
status(repo)

## Add files with glob expansion when the current working
## directory is outside the repository's working directory.
setwd(tempdir())
dir.create(file.path(path, "glob_dir"))
writeLines("d", file.path(path, "glob_dir/d.txt"))
```

```

writeLines("e", file.path(path, "glob_dir/e.txt"))
writeLines("f", file.path(path, "glob_dir/f.txt"))
writeLines("g", file.path(path, "glob_dir/g.md"))
add(repo, "glob_dir/*.txt")
status(repo)

## Add file with glob expansion with a relative path when
## the current working directory is inside the repository's
## working directory.
setwd(path)
add(repo, "../glob_dir/*.md")
status(repo)

## End(Not run)

```

ahead_behind

Ahead Behind

Description

Count the number of unique commits between two commit objects.

Usage

```
ahead_behind(local = NULL, upstream = NULL)
```

Arguments

local	a <code>git_commit</code> object. Can also be a tag or a branch, and in that case the commit will be the target of the tag or branch.
upstream	a <code>git_commit</code> object. Can also be a tag or a branch, and in that case the commit will be the target of the tag or branch.

Value

An integer vector of length 2 with number of commits that the upstream commit is ahead and behind the local commit

Examples

```

## Not run:
## Create a directory in tempdir
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)

## Initialize a repository
repo <- init(path)
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

```

```
## Create a file, add and commit
lines <- "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit, sed do"
writeLines(lines, file.path(path, "test.txt"))
add(repo, "test.txt")
commit_1 <- commit(repo, "Commit message 1")
tag_1 <- tag(repo, "Tagname1", "Tag message 1")

# Change file and commit
lines <- c(
  "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit, sed do",
  "eiusmod tempor incididunt ut labore et dolore magna aliqua.")
writeLines(lines, file.path(path, "test.txt"))
add(repo, "test.txt")
commit_2 <- commit(repo, "Commit message 2")
tag_2 <- tag(repo, "Tagname2", "Tag message 2")

ahead_behind(commit_1, commit_2)
ahead_behind(tag_1, tag_2)

## End(Not run)
```

as.data.frame.git_repository

Coerce Git repository to a data.frame

Description

The commits in the repository are coerced to a data.frame

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'git_repository'
as.data.frame(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	The repository object
...	Additional arguments. Not used.

Details

The data.frame have the following columns:

sha The 40 character hexadecimal string of the SHA-1
summary the short "summary" of the git commit message.
message the full message of a commit
author full name of the author
email email of the author
when time when the commit happened

Value

data.frame

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize a temporary repository
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)

## Create a user
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

## Create three files and commit
writeLines("First file", file.path(path, "example-1.txt"))
writeLines("Second file", file.path(path, "example-2.txt"))
writeLines("Third file", file.path(path, "example-3.txt"))
add(repo, "example-1.txt")
commit(repo, "Commit first file")
add(repo, "example-2.txt")
commit(repo, "Commit second file")
add(repo, "example-3.txt")
commit(repo, "Commit third file")

## Coerce commits to a data.frame
df <- as.data.frame(repo)
df

## End(Not run)
```

as.data.frame.git_tree

Coerce entries in a git_tree to a data.frame

Description

The entries in a tree are coerced to a data.frame

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'git_tree'
as.data.frame(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	The tree object
...	Additional arguments. Not used.

Details

The data.frame have the following columns:

filemode The UNIX file attributes of a tree entry

type String representation of the tree entry type

sha The sha of a tree entry

name The filename of a tree entry

Value

data.frame

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize a temporary repository
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
dir.create(file.path(path, "subfolder"))
repo <- init(path)

## Create a user
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

## Create three files and commit
writeLines("First file", file.path(path, "example-1.txt"))
writeLines("Second file", file.path(path, "subfolder/example-2.txt"))
writeLines("Third file", file.path(path, "example-3.txt"))
add(repo, c("example-1.txt", "subfolder/example-2.txt", "example-3.txt"))
commit(repo, "Commit message")

## Display tree
tree(last_commit(repo))

## Coerce tree to a data.frame
df <- as.data.frame(tree(last_commit(repo)))
df

## End(Not run)
```

as.list.git_tree

Coerce entries in a git_tree to a list of entry objects

Description

Coerce entries in a git_tree to a list of entry objects

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'git_tree'  
as.list(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	The tree object
...	Unused

Value

list of entry objects

Examples

```
## Not run:  
## Initialize a temporary repository  
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")  
dir.create(path)  
dir.create(file.path(path, "subfolder"))  
repo <- init(path)  
  
## Create a user  
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")  
  
## Create three files and commit  
writeLines("First file", file.path(path, "example-1.txt"))  
writeLines("Second file", file.path(path, "subfolder/example-2.txt"))  
writeLines("Third file", file.path(path, "example-3.txt"))  
add(repo, c("example-1.txt", "subfolder/example-2.txt", "example-3.txt"))  
commit(repo, "Commit message")  
  
## Inspect size of each blob in tree  
invisible(lapply(as(tree(last_commit(repo)), "list"),  
  function(obj) {  
    if (is_blob(obj))  
      summary(obj)  
    NULL  
  })))  
  
## End(Not run)
```

blame

Get blame for file

Description

Get blame for file

Usage

```
blame(repo = ".", path = NULL)
```

Arguments

repo a path to a repository or a `git_repository` object. Default is `'.'`
path Path to the file to consider

Value

`git_blame` object with the following entries:

path The path to the file of the blame

hunks List of blame hunks

repo The `git_repository` that contains the file

lines_in_hunk The number of lines in this hunk

final_commit_id The sha of the commit where this line was last changed

final_start_line_number The 1-based line number where this hunk begins, in the final version of the file

final_signature Final committer

orig_commit_id The sha of the commit where this hunk was found. This will usually be the same as `'final_commit_id'`.

orig_start_line_number The 1-based line number where this hunk begins in the file named by `'orig_path'` in the commit specified by `'orig_commit_id'`.

orig_signature Origin committer

orig_path The path to the file where this hunk originated, as of the commit specified by `'orig_commit_id'`

boundary TRUE iff the hunk has been tracked to a boundary commit.

repo The `git_repository` object that contains the blame hunk

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize a temporary repository
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)

## Create a first user and commit a file
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")
writeLines("Hello world!", file.path(path, "example.txt"))
add(repo, "example.txt")
commit(repo, "First commit message")

## Create a second user and change the file
config(repo, user.name = "Bob", user.email = "bob@example.org")
writeLines(c("Hello world!", "HELLO WORLD!", "HOLA"),
```

```

        file.path(path, "example.txt"))
add(repo, "example.txt")
commit(repo, "Second commit message")

## Check blame
blame(repo, "example.txt")

## End(Not run)

```

blob_create

Create blob from file on disk

Description

Read a file from the filesystem and write its content to the Object Database as a loose blob. The method is vectorized and accepts a vector of files to create blobs from.

Usage

```
blob_create(repo = ".", path = NULL, relative = TRUE)
```

Arguments

repo	The repository where the blob(s) will be written. Can be a bare repository. A <code>git_repository</code> object, or a path to a repository, or NULL. If the repo argument is NULL, the repository is searched for with <code>discover_repository</code> in the current working directory.
path	The file(s) from which the blob will be created.
relative	TRUE if the file(s) from which the blob will be created is relative to the repository's working dir. Default is TRUE.

Value

list of S3 class `git_blob` objects

Examples

```

## Not run:
## Initialize a temporary repository
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)

## Create blobs from files relative to workdir
writeLines("Hello, world!", file.path(path, "example-1.txt"))
writeLines("test content", file.path(path, "example-2.txt"))
blob_list_1 <- blob_create(repo, c("example-1.txt",
                                  "example-2.txt"))

```

```
## Create blobs from files not relative to workdir
temp_file_1 <- tempfile()
temp_file_2 <- tempfile()
writeLines("Hello, world!", temp_file_1)
writeLines("test content", temp_file_2)
blob_list_2 <- blob_create(repo, c(temp_file_1, temp_file_2),
                           relative = FALSE)

## End(Not run)
```

branches

Branches

Description

List branches in repository

Usage

```
branches(repo = ".", flags = c("all", "local", "remote"))
```

Arguments

repo	a path to a repository or a git_repository object. Default is '.'
flags	Filtering flags for the branch listing. Valid values are 'all', 'local' or 'remote'

Value

list of branches in repository

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize repositories
path_bare <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
path_repo <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path_bare)
dir.create(path_repo)
repo_bare <- init(path_bare, bare = TRUE)
repo <- clone(path_bare, path_repo)

## Config first user and commit a file
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

## Write to a file and commit
lines <- "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit, sed do"
writeLines(lines, file.path(path_repo, "example.txt"))
add(repo, "example.txt")
commit(repo, "First commit message")
```

```
## Push commits from repository to bare repository
## Adds an upstream tracking branch to branch 'master'
push(repo, "origin", "refs/heads/master")

## List branches
branches(repo)

## End(Not run)
```

branch_create	<i>Create a branch</i>
---------------	------------------------

Description

Create a branch

Usage

```
branch_create(commit = last_commit(), name = NULL, force = FALSE)
```

Arguments

commit	Commit to which the branch should point. The default is to use the <code>last_commit()</code> function to determine the commit to which the branch should point.
name	Name for the branch
force	Overwrite existing branch. Default = FALSE

Value

invisible `git_branch` object

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize a temporary repository
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)

## Create a user and commit a file
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")
lines <- "Hello world!"
writeLines(lines, file.path(path, "example.txt"))
add(repo, "example.txt")
commit_1 <- commit(repo, "First commit message")

## Create a branch
branch_1 <- branch_create(commit_1, name = "test-branch")
```

```
## Add one more commit
lines <- c("Hello world!", "HELLO WORLD!")
writeLines(lines, file.path(path, "example.txt"))
add(repo, "example.txt")
commit_2 <- commit(repo, "Another commit message")

## Create a branch with the same name should fail
try(branch_create(commit_2, name = "test-branch"), TRUE)

## Force it
branch_2 <- branch_create(commit_2, name = "test-branch", force = TRUE)

## End(Not run)
```

branch_delete	<i>Delete a branch</i>
---------------	------------------------

Description

Delete a branch

Usage

```
branch_delete(branch = NULL)
```

Arguments

branch	The branch
--------	------------

Value

invisible NULL

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize a temporary repository
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)

## Create a user and commit a file
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")
writeLines("Hello world!", file.path(path, "example.txt"))
add(repo, "example.txt")
commit_1 <- commit(repo, "First commit message")

## Create a 'dev' branch
dev <- branch_create(commit_1, name = "dev")
branches(repo)
```

```
## Delete 'dev' branch
branch_delete(dev)
branches(repo)

## End(Not run)
```

branch_get_upstream *Get remote tracking branch*

Description

Get remote tracking branch, given a local branch.

Usage

```
branch_get_upstream(branch = NULL)
```

Arguments

branch The branch

Value

git_branch object or NULL if no remote tracking branch.

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize two temporary repositories
path_bare <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
path_repo <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path_bare)
dir.create(path_repo)
repo_bare <- init(path_bare, bare = TRUE)
repo <- clone(path_bare, path_repo)

## Config user and commit a file
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

## Write to a file and commit
lines <- "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipisicing elit, sed do"
writeLines(lines, file.path(path_repo, "example.txt"))
add(repo, "example.txt")
commit(repo, "First commit message")

## Push commits from repository to bare repository
## Adds an upstream tracking branch to branch 'master'
push(repo, "origin", "refs/heads/master")
```

```
## Get remote tracking branch
branch_get_upstream(repository_head(repo))

## End(Not run)
```

branch_remote_name	<i>Remote name of a branch</i>
--------------------	--------------------------------

Description

The name of remote that the remote tracking branch belongs to

Usage

```
branch_remote_name(branch = NULL)
```

Arguments

branch	The branch
--------	------------

Value

character string with remote name

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize two temporary repositories
path_bare <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
path_repo <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path_bare)
dir.create(path_repo)
repo_bare <- init(path_bare, bare = TRUE)
repo <- clone(path_bare, path_repo)

## Config user and commit a file
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

## Write to a file and commit
lines <- "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit, sed do"
writeLines(lines, file.path(path_repo, "example.txt"))
add(repo, "example.txt")
commit(repo, "First commit message")

## Push commits from repository to bare repository
## Adds an upstream tracking branch to branch 'master'
push(repo, "origin", "refs/heads/master")

## Get remote name
branch_remote_name(branches(repo)[[2]])
```

```
## End(Not run)
```

branch_remote_url	<i>Remote url of a branch</i>
-------------------	-------------------------------

Description

Remote url of a branch

Usage

```
branch_remote_url(branch = NULL)
```

Arguments

branch	The branch
--------	------------

Value

character string with remote url

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize two temporary repositories
path_bare <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
path_repo <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path_bare)
dir.create(path_repo)
repo_bare <- init(path_bare, bare = TRUE)
repo <- clone(path_bare, path_repo)

## Config user and commit a file
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

## Write to a file and commit
lines <- "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipisicing elit, sed do"
writeLines(lines, file.path(path_repo, "example.txt"))
add(repo, "example.txt")
commit(repo, "First commit message")

## Push commits from repository to bare repository
## Adds an upstream tracking branch to branch 'master'
push(repo, "origin", "refs/heads/master")

## Get remote url of tracking branch to branch 'master'
branch_remote_url(branch_get_upstream(repository_head(repo)))

## End(Not run)
```

branch_rename	<i>Rename a branch</i>
---------------	------------------------

Description

Rename a branch

Usage

```
branch_rename(branch = NULL, name = NULL, force = FALSE)
```

Arguments

branch	Branch to rename
name	The new name for the branch
force	Overwrite existing branch. Default is FALSE

Value

invisible renamed git_branch object

Examples

```
## Not run:  
## Initialize a temporary repository  
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")  
dir.create(path)  
repo <- init(path)  
  
## Config user and commit a file  
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")  
lines <- "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipisicing elit, sed do"  
writeLines(lines, file.path(path, "example.txt"))  
add(repo, "example.txt")  
commit(repo, "First commit message")  
  
## Rename 'master' branch to 'dev'  
branches(repo)  
branch_rename(repository_head(repo), "dev")  
branches(repo)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

branch_set_upstream *Set remote tracking branch*

Description

Set the upstream configuration for a given local branch

Usage

```
branch_set_upstream(branch = NULL, name)
```

Arguments

branch	The branch to configure
name	remote-tracking or local branch to set as upstream. Pass NULL to unset.

Value

invisible NULL

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize two temporary repositories
path_bare <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
path_repo <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path_bare)
dir.create(path_repo)
repo_bare <- init(path_bare, bare = TRUE)
repo <- clone(path_bare, path_repo)

## Config user and commit a file
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

## Write to a file and commit
lines <- "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipisicing elit, sed do"
writeLines(lines, file.path(path_repo, "example.txt"))
add(repo, "example.txt")
commit(repo, "First commit message")

## Push commits from repository to bare repository
## Adds an upstream tracking branch to branch 'master'
push(repo, "origin", "refs/heads/master")

## Unset remote remote tracking branch
branch_get_upstream(repository_head(repo))
branch_set_upstream(repository_head(repo), NULL)
branch_get_upstream(repository_head(repo))
```

```
## Set remote tracking branch
branch_set_upstream(repository_head(repo), "origin/master")
branch_get_upstream(repository_head(repo))

## End(Not run)
```

branch_target	<i>Get target (sha) pointed to by a branch</i>
---------------	--

Description

Get target (sha) pointed to by a branch

Usage

```
branch_target(branch = NULL)
```

Arguments

branch	The branch
--------	------------

Value

sha or NA if not a direct reference

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize a temporary repository
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)

## Config user and commit a file
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")
lines <- "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit, sed do"
writeLines(lines, file.path(path, "example.txt"))
add(repo, "example.txt")
commit(repo, "First commit message")

## Get target (sha) pointed to by 'master' branch
branch_target(repository_head(repo))

## End(Not run)
```

bundle_r_package *Bundle bare repo of package*

Description

Clone the package git repository as a bare repository to pkg/inst/pkg.git

Usage

```
bundle_r_package(repo = ".")
```

Arguments

repo a path to a repository or a git_repository object. Default is '.'

Value

Invisible bundled git_repository object

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize repository
path <- tempfile()
dir.create(path)
path <- file.path(path, "git2r")
repo <- clone("https://github.com/ropensci/git2r.git", path)

## Bundle bare repository in package
bundle_r_package(repo)

## Build and install bundled package
wd <- setwd(dirname(path))
system(sprintf("R CMD build %s", path))
pkg <- list.files(".", pattern = "[.]tar[.]gz$")
system(sprintf("R CMD INSTALL %s", pkg))
setwd(wd)

## Reload package
detach("package:git2r", unload = TRUE)
library(git2r)

## Summarize last five commits of bundled repo
repo <- repository(system.file("git2r.git", package = "git2r"))
invisible(lapply(commits(repo, n = 5), summary))

## Plot content of bundled repo
plot(repo)

## End(Not run)
```

 checkout

Checkout

Description

Update files in the index and working tree to match the content of the tree pointed at by the treeish object (commit, tag or tree). The default checkout strategy (`force = FALSE`) will only make modifications that will not lose changes. Use `force = TRUE` to force working directory to look like index.

Usage

```
checkout(
  object = NULL,
  branch = NULL,
  create = FALSE,
  force = FALSE,
  path = NULL,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

<code>object</code>	A path to a repository, or a <code>git_repository</code> object, or a <code>git_commit</code> object, or a <code>git_tag</code> object, or a <code>git_tree</code> object.
<code>branch</code>	name of the branch to check out. Only used if <code>object</code> is a path to a repository or a <code>git_repository</code> object.
<code>create</code>	create branch if it doesn't exist. Only used if <code>object</code> is a path to a repository or a <code>git_repository</code> object.
<code>force</code>	If <code>TRUE</code> , then make working directory match target. This will throw away local changes. Default is <code>FALSE</code> .
<code>path</code>	Limit the checkout operation to only certain paths. This argument is only used if <code>branch</code> is <code>NULL</code> . Default is <code>NULL</code> .
<code>...</code>	Additional arguments. Not used.

Value

invisible `NULL`

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Create directories and initialize repositories
path_bare <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
path_repo_1 <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
path_repo_2 <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
```

```
dir.create(path_bare)
dir.create(path_repo_1)
dir.create(path_repo_2)
repo_bare <- init(path_bare, bare = TRUE)

## Clone to repo 1 and config user
repo_1 <- clone(path_bare, path_repo_1)
config(repo_1, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

## Add changes to repo 1 and push to bare
lines <- "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit, sed do"
writeLines(lines, file.path(path_repo_1, "test.txt"))
add(repo_1, "test.txt")
commit(repo_1, "First commit message")
push(repo_1, "origin", "refs/heads/master")

## Create and checkout 'dev' branch in repo 1
checkout(repo_1, "dev", create = TRUE)

## Add changes to 'dev' branch in repo 1 and push to bare
lines <- c(
  "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit, sed do",
  "eiusmod tempor incididunt ut labore et dolore magna aliqua.")
writeLines(lines, file.path(path_repo_1, "test.txt"))
add(repo_1, "test.txt")
commit(repo_1, "Second commit message")
push(repo_1, "origin", "refs/heads/dev")

## Clone to repo 2
repo_2 <- clone(path_bare, path_repo_2)
config(repo_2, user.name = "Bob", user.email = "bob@example.org")

## Read content of 'test.txt'
readLines(file.path(path_repo_2, "test.txt"))

## Checkout dev branch
checkout(repo_2, "dev")

## Read content of 'test.txt'
readLines(file.path(path_repo_2, "test.txt"))

## Edit "test.txt" in repo_2
writeLines("Hello world!", con = file.path(path_repo_2, "test.txt"))

## Check status
status(repo_2)

## Checkout "test.txt"
checkout(repo_2, path = "test.txt")

## Check status
status(repo_2)
```

```
## End(Not run)
```

clone	<i>Clone a remote repository</i>
-------	----------------------------------

Description

Clone a remote repository

Usage

```
clone(  
  url,  
  local_path,  
  bare = FALSE,  
  branch = NULL,  
  checkout = TRUE,  
  credentials = NULL,  
  progress = TRUE,  
  proxy = NULL  
)
```

Arguments

url	The remote repository to clone, or a local repository path.
local_path	Local directory to clone to.
bare	Create a bare repository. Default is FALSE.
branch	The name of the branch to checkout. Default is NULL which means to use the remote's default branch.
checkout	Checkout HEAD after the clone is complete. Default is TRUE.
credentials	The credentials for remote repository access. Default is NULL. To use and query an ssh-agent for the ssh key credentials, let this parameter be NULL (the default).
progress	Show progress. Default is TRUE.
proxy	Either NULL (the default) to disable proxy usage, TRUE for automatic proxy detection, or a character string with a proxy URL (for example, "http://proxy.example.org:3128").

Value

A `git_repository` object.

See Also

[repository](#), [cred_user_pass](#), [cred_ssh_key](#)

Examples

```

## Not run:
## Initialize repository
path_repo_1 <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
path_repo_2 <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path_repo_1)
dir.create(path_repo_2)
repo_1 <- init(path_repo_1)

## Config user and commit a file
config(repo_1, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

## Write to a file and commit
writeLines(
  "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipisicing elit, sed do",
  file.path(path_repo_1, "example.txt"))
add(repo_1, "example.txt")
commit(repo_1, "First commit message")

## Change file and commit
lines <- c(
  "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipisicing elit, sed do",
  "eiusmod tempor incididunt ut labore et dolore magna aliqua.")
writeLines(lines, file.path(path_repo_1, "example.txt"))
add(repo_1, "example.txt")
commit(repo_1, "Second commit message")

## Change file again and commit.
lines <- c(
  "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipisicing elit, sed do",
  "eiusmod tempor incididunt ut labore et dolore magna aliqua. Ut enim ad",
  "minim veniam, quis nostrud exercitation ullamco laboris nisi ut")
writeLines(lines, file.path(path_repo_1, "example.txt"))
add(repo_1, "example.txt")
commit(repo_1, "Third commit message")

## Clone to second repository
repo_2 <- clone(path_repo_1, path_repo_2)

## List commits in repositories
commits(repo_1)
commits(repo_2)

## End(Not run)

```

commit

Commit

Description

Commit

Usage

```
commit(
  repo = ".",
  message = NULL,
  all = FALSE,
  session = FALSE,
  author = NULL,
  committer = NULL
)
```

Arguments

<code>repo</code>	a path to a repository or a <code>git_repository</code> object. Default is <code>'.'</code>
<code>message</code>	The commit message.
<code>all</code>	Stage modified and deleted files. Files not added to Git are not affected.
<code>session</code>	Add <code>sessionInfo</code> to commit message. Default is <code>FALSE</code> .
<code>author</code>	Signature with author and author time of commit.
<code>committer</code>	Signature with committer and commit time of commit.

Value

A list of class `git_commit` with entries:

sha The 40 character hexadecimal string of the SHA-1

author An author signature

committer The committer signature

summary The short "summary" of a git commit message, comprising the first paragraph of the message with whitespace trimmed and squashed.

message The message of a commit

repo The `git_repository` object that contains the commit

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize a repository
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)

## Config user
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

## Write to a file and commit
lines <- "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit, sed do"
writeLines(lines, file.path(path, "example.txt"))
add(repo, "example.txt")
commit(repo, "First commit message")
```

```
## End(Not run)
```

 commits

Commits

Description

Commits

Usage

```
commits(
  repo = ".",
  topological = TRUE,
  time = TRUE,
  reverse = FALSE,
  n = NULL,
  ref = NULL,
  path = NULL
)
```

Arguments

repo	a path to a repository or a <code>git_repository</code> object. Default is <code>'.'</code>
topological	Sort the commits in topological order (parents before children); can be combined with time sorting. Default is <code>TRUE</code> .
time	Sort the commits by commit time; Can be combined with topological sorting. Default is <code>TRUE</code> .
reverse	Sort the commits in reverse order; can be combined with topological and/or time sorting. Default is <code>FALSE</code> .
n	The upper limit of the number of commits to output. The default is <code>NULL</code> for unlimited number of commits.
ref	The name of a reference to list commits from e.g. a tag or a branch. The default is <code>NULL</code> for the current branch.
path	The path to a file. If not <code>NULL</code> , only commits modifying this file will be returned. Note that modifying commits that occurred before the file was given its present name are not returned; that is, the output of <code>git log</code> with <code>--no-follow</code> is reproduced.

Value

list of commits in repository

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize a repository
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)

## Config user
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

## Write to a file and commit
lines <- "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipisicing elit, sed do"
writeLines(lines, file.path(path, "example.txt"))
add(repo, "example.txt")
commit(repo, "First commit message")

## Change file and commit
lines <- c(
  "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipisicing elit, sed do",
  "eiusmod tempor incididunt ut labore et dolore magna aliqua.")
writeLines(lines, file.path(path, "example.txt"))
add(repo, "example.txt")
commit(repo, "Second commit message")

## Create a tag
tag(repo, "Tagname", "Tag message")

## Change file again and commit
lines <- c(
  "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipisicing elit, sed do",
  "eiusmod tempor incididunt ut labore et dolore magna aliqua. Ut enim ad",
  "minim veniam, quis nostrud exercitation ullamco laboris nisi ut")
writeLines(lines, file.path(path, "example.txt"))
add(repo, "example.txt")
commit(repo, "Third commit message")

## Create a new file containing R code, and commit.
writeLines(c("x <- seq(1,100)",
            "print(mean(x))",
            file.path(path, "mean.R")),
           file.path(path, "mean.R"))
add(repo, "mean.R")
commit(repo, "Fourth commit message")

## List the commits in the repository
commits(repo)

## List the commits starting from the tag
commits(repo, ref = "Tagname")

## List the commits modifying example.txt and mean.R.
commits(repo, path = "example.txt")
commits(repo, path = "mean.R")
```

```

## Create and checkout 'dev' branch in the repo
checkout(repo, "dev", create = TRUE)

## Add changes to the 'dev' branch
lines <- c(
  "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit, sed do",
  "eiusmod tempor incididunt ut labore et dolore magna aliqua.")
writeLines(lines, file.path(path, "example.txt"))
add(repo, "example.txt")
commit(repo, "Commit message in dev branch")

## Checkout the 'master' branch again and list the commits
## starting from the 'dev' branch.
checkout(repo, "master")
commits(repo, ref = "dev")

## End(Not run)

```

config

Config

Description

Config file management. To display the configuration variables, call method `config` without the `user.name`, `user.email` or ... options.

Usage

```
config(repo = NULL, global = FALSE, user.name, user.email, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>repo</code>	The repository. Default is <code>NULL</code> .
<code>global</code>	Write option(s) to global configuration file. Default is <code>FALSE</code> .
<code>user.name</code>	The user name. Use <code>NULL</code> to delete the entry
<code>user.email</code>	The e-mail address. Use <code>NULL</code> to delete the entry
...	Additional options to write or delete from the configuration.

Details

There are two ways `git2r` can find the local repository when writing local options (1) Use the `repo` argument. (2) If the `repo` argument is `NULL` but the current working directory is inside the local repository, then `git2r` uses that repository.

Value

S3 class `git_config`. When writing options, the configuration is returned invisibly.

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize a temporary repository
path <- tempfile(pattern = "git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)

## Set user name and email.
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

## Display configuration
config(repo)

## Delete user email.
config(repo, user.email = NULL)

## Display configuration
config(repo)

## End(Not run)
```

content	<i>Content of blob</i>
---------	------------------------

Description

Content of blob

Usage

```
content(blob = NULL, split = TRUE, raw = FALSE)
```

Arguments

blob	The blob object.
split	Split blob content to text lines. Default TRUE.
raw	When TRUE, get the content of the blob as a raw vector, else as a character vector. Default is FALSE.

Value

The content of the blob. `NA_character_` if the blob is binary and `raw` is FALSE.

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize a temporary repository
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)

## Create a user and commit a file
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")
writeLines("Hello world!", file.path(path, "example.txt"))
add(repo, "example.txt")
commit(repo, "First commit message")

## Display content of blob.
content(tree(commits(repo)[[1]])["example.txt"])

## End(Not run)
```

contributions

Contributions

Description

See contributions to a Git repo

Usage

```
contributions(
  repo = ".",
  breaks = c("month", "year", "quarter", "week", "day"),
  by = c("commits", "author")
)
```

Arguments

repo a path to a repository or a `git_repository` object. Default is `'.'`

breaks Default is month. Change to year, quarter, week or day as necessary.

by Contributions by "commits" or "author". Default is "commits".

Value

A data.frame with contributions.

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Create directories and initialize repositories
path_bare <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
path_repo_1 <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
path_repo_2 <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path_bare)
dir.create(path_repo_1)
dir.create(path_repo_2)
repo_bare <- init(path_bare, bare = TRUE)

## Clone to repo 1 and config user
repo_1 <- clone(path_bare, path_repo_1)
config(repo_1, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

## Add changes to repo 1 and push to bare
lines <- "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipisicing elit, sed do"
writeLines(lines, file.path(path_repo_1, "test.txt"))
add(repo_1, "test.txt")
commit(repo_1, "First commit message")

## Add more changes to repo 1
lines <- c(
  "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipisicing elit, sed do",
  "eiusmod tempor incididunt ut labore et dolore magna aliqua.")
writeLines(lines, file.path(path_repo_1, "test.txt"))
add(repo_1, "test.txt")
commit(repo_1, "Second commit message")

## Push to bare
push(repo_1, "origin", "refs/heads/master")

## Clone to repo 2
repo_2 <- clone(path_bare, path_repo_2)
config(repo_2, user.name = "Bob", user.email = "bob@example.org")

## Add changes to repo 2
lines <- c(
  "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipisicing elit, sed do",
  "eiusmod tempor incididunt ut labore et dolore magna aliqua. Ut enim ad",
  "minim veniam, quis nostrud exercitation ullamco laboris nisi ut")
writeLines(lines, file.path(path_repo_2, "test.txt"))
add(repo_2, "test.txt")
commit(repo_2, "Third commit message")

## Push to bare
push(repo_2, "origin", "refs/heads/master")

## Pull changes to repo 1
pull(repo_1)

## View contributions by day
```

```

contributions(repo_1)

## View contributions by author and day
contributions(repo_1, by = "author")

## End(Not run)

```

cred_env

Create a new environmental credential object

Description

Environmental variables can be written to the file `.Renviron`. This file is read by *R* during startup, see [Startup](#).

Usage

```
cred_env(username = NULL, password = NULL)
```

Arguments

username	The name of the environmental variable that holds the username for the authentication.
password	The name of the environmental variable that holds the password for the authentication.

Value

A list of class `cred_env` with entries:

username The name of the environmental variable that holds the username for the authentication.

password The name of the environmental variable that holds the password for the authentication.

See Also

Other git credential functions: [cred_ssh_key\(\)](#), [cred_token\(\)](#), [cred_user_pass\(\)](#)

Examples

```

## Not run:
## Create an environmental credential object for the username and
## password.
cred <- cred_env("NAME_OF_ENV_VARIABLE_WITH_USERNAME",
                "NAME_OF_ENV_VARIABLE_WITH_PASSWORD")
repo <- repository("git2r")
push(repo, credentials = cred)

## End(Not run)

```

cred_ssh_key *Create a new passphrase-protected ssh key credential object*

Description

Create a new passphrase-protected ssh key credential object

Usage

```
cred_ssh_key(
  publickey = ssh_path("id_rsa.pub"),
  privatekey = ssh_path("id_rsa"),
  passphrase = character(0)
)
```

Arguments

publickey	The path to the public key of the credential. Default is <code>ssh_path("id_rsa.pub")</code>
privatekey	The path to the private key of the credential. Default is <code>ssh_path("id_rsa")</code>
passphrase	The passphrase of the credential. Default is <code>character(0)</code> . If <code>getPass</code> is installed and private key is passphrase protected <code>getPass::getPass()</code> will be called to allow for interactive and obfuscated interactive input of the passphrase.

Value

A list of class `cred_ssh_key` with entries:

publickey The path to the public key of the credential
privatekey The path to the private key of the credential
passphrase The passphrase of the credential

See Also

Other git credential functions: [cred_env\(\)](#), [cred_token\(\)](#), [cred_user_pass\(\)](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Create a ssh key credential object. It can optionally be
## passphrase-protected
cred <- cred_ssh_key(ssh_path("id_rsa.pub"), ssh_path("id_rsa"))
repo <- repository("git2r")
push(repo, credentials = cred)

## End(Not run)
```

`cred_token`*Create a new personal access token credential object*

Description

The personal access token is stored in an environmental variable. Environmental variables can be written to the file `.Renviro`n. This file is read by *R* during startup, see [Startup](#). On GitHub, personal access tokens function like ordinary OAuth access tokens. They can be used instead of a password for Git over HTTPS, see the “Creating a personal access token” article on GitHub Docs.

Usage

```
cred_token(token = "GITHUB_PAT")
```

Arguments

<code>token</code>	The name of the environmental variable that holds the personal access token for the authentication. Default is <code>GITHUB_PAT</code> .
--------------------	--

Value

A list of class `cred_token` with entry:

token The name of the environmental variable that holds the personal access token for the authentication.

See Also

Other git credential functions: [cred_env\(\)](#), [cred_ssh_key\(\)](#), [cred_user_pass\(\)](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Create a personal access token credential object.
## This example assumes that the token is stored in
## the 'GITHUB_PAT' environmental variable.
repo <- repository("git2r")
cred <- cred_token()
push(repo, credentials = cred)

## End(Not run)
```

cred_user_pass	<i>Create a new plain-text username and password credential object</i>
----------------	--

Description

Create a new plain-text username and password credential object

Usage

```
cred_user_pass(username = NULL, password = NULL)
```

Arguments

username	The username of the credential
password	The password of the credential. If <code>getPass</code> is installed and the only input is <code>username</code> , <code>getPass::getPass()</code> will be called to allow for interactive and obfuscated interactive input of the password.

Value

A list of class `cred_user_pass` with entries:

username The username of the credential

password The password of the credential

See Also

Other git credential functions: [cred_env\(\)](#), [cred_ssh_key\(\)](#), [cred_token\(\)](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
## Create a plain-text username and password credential object  
cred_user_pass("Random Developer", "SecretPassword")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

default_signature	<i>Get the signature</i>
-------------------	--------------------------

Description

Get the signature according to the repository's configuration

Usage

```
default_signature(repo = ".")
```

Arguments

repo a path to a repository or a git_repository object. Default is '.'

Value

A git_signature object with entries:

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize a temporary repository
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)

## Create a user
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

## Get the default signature
default_signature(repo)

## Change user
config(repo, user.name = "Bob", user.email = "bob@example.org")

## Get the default signature
default_signature(repo)

## End(Not run)
```

descendant_of	<i>Descendant</i>
---------------	-------------------

Description

Determine if a commit is the descendant of another commit

Usage

```
descendant_of(commit = NULL, ancestor = NULL)
```

Arguments

commit	a <code>git_commit</code> object. Can also be a tag or a branch, and in that case the commit will be the target of the tag or branch.
ancestor	a <code>git_commit</code> object to check if ancestor to commit. Can also be a tag or a branch, and in that case the commit will be the target of the tag or branch.

Value

TRUE if commit is descendant of ancestor, else FALSE

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Create a directory in tempdir
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)

## Initialize a repository
repo <- init(path)
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

## Create a file, add and commit
lines <- "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit, sed do"
writeLines(lines, file.path(path, "test.txt"))
add(repo, "test.txt")
commit_1 <- commit(repo, "Commit message 1")
tag_1 <- tag(repo, "Tagname1", "Tag message 1")

# Change file and commit
lines <- c(
  "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit, sed do",
  "eiusmod tempor incididunt ut labore et dolore magna aliqua.")
writeLines(lines, file.path(path, "test.txt"))
add(repo, "test.txt")
commit_2 <- commit(repo, "Commit message 2")
tag_2 <- tag(repo, "Tagname2", "Tag message 2")
```

```
descendant_of(commit_1, commit_2)
descendant_of(commit_2, commit_1)
descendant_of(tag_1, tag_2)
descendant_of(tag_2, tag_1)

## End(Not run)
```

diff.git_repository *Changes between commits, trees, working tree, etc.*

Description

Changes between commits, trees, working tree, etc.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'git_repository'
diff(
  x,
  index = FALSE,
  as_char = FALSE,
  filename = NULL,
  context_lines = 3,
  interhunk_lines = 0,
  old_prefix = "a",
  new_prefix = "b",
  id_abbrev = NULL,
  path = NULL,
  max_size = NULL,
  ...
)

## S3 method for class 'git_tree'
diff(
  x,
  new_tree = NULL,
  index = FALSE,
  as_char = FALSE,
  filename = NULL,
  context_lines = 3,
  interhunk_lines = 0,
  old_prefix = "a",
  new_prefix = "b",
  id_abbrev = NULL,
  path = NULL,
  max_size = NULL,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

x	A git_repository object or the old git_tree object to compare to.
index	When object equals a git_repository Whether to compare the index to HEAD. If FALSE (the default), then the working tree is compared to the index. When object equals a git_tree Whether to use the working directory (by default), or the index (if set to TRUE) in the comparison to object.
as_char	logical: should the result be converted to a character string?. Default is FALSE.
filename	If as_char is TRUE, then the diff can be written to a file with name filename (the file is overwritten if it exists). Default is NULL.
context_lines	The number of unchanged lines that define the boundary of a hunk (and to display before and after). Defaults to 3.
interhunk_lines	The maximum number of unchanged lines between hunk boundaries before the hunks will be merged into one. Defaults to 0.
old_prefix	The virtual "directory" prefix for old file names in hunk headers. Default is "a".
new_prefix	The virtual "directory" prefix for new file names in hunk headers. Defaults to "b".
id_abbrev	The abbreviation length to use when formatting object ids. Defaults to the value of 'core.abbrev' from the config, or 7 if NULL.
path	A character vector of paths / fnmatch patterns to constrain diff. Default is NULL which include all paths.
max_size	A size (in bytes) above which a blob will be marked as binary automatically; pass a negative value to disable. Defaults to 512MB when max_size is NULL.
...	Not used.
new_tree	The new git_tree object to compare, or NULL. If NULL, then we use the working directory or the index (see the index argument).

Value

A git_diff object if as_char is FALSE. If as_char is TRUE and filename is NULL, a character string, else NULL.

Line endings

Different operating systems handle line endings differently. Windows uses both a carriage-return character and a linefeed character to represent a newline in a file. While Linux and macOS use only the linefeed character for a newline in a file. To avoid problems in your diffs, you can configure Git to properly handle line endings using the core.autocrlf setting in the Git config file, see the Git documentation (<https://git-scm.com/>).

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize a repository
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
```

```
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)

## Config user
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

## Create a file, add, commit
writeLines("Hello world!", file.path(path, "test.txt"))
add(repo, "test.txt")
commit(repo, "Commit message")

## Change the file
writeLines(c("Hello again!", "Here is a second line", "And a third"),
           file.path(path, "test.txt"))

## diff between index and workdir
diff_1 <- diff(repo)
summary(diff_1)
cat(diff(repo, as_char=TRUE))

## Diff between index and HEAD is empty
diff_2 <- diff(repo, index=TRUE)
summary(diff_2)
cat(diff(repo, index=TRUE, as_char=TRUE))

## Diff between tree and working dir, same as diff_1
diff_3 <- diff(tree(commits(repo)[[1]]))
summary(diff_3)
cat(diff(tree(commits(repo)[[1]]), as_char=TRUE))

## Add changes, diff between index and HEAD is the same as diff_1
add(repo, "test.txt")
diff_4 <- diff(repo, index=TRUE)
summary(diff_4)
cat(diff(repo, index=TRUE, as_char=TRUE))

## Diff between tree and index
diff_5 <- diff(tree(commits(repo)[[1]]), index=TRUE)
summary(diff_5)
cat(diff(tree(commits(repo)[[1]]), index=TRUE, as_char=TRUE))

## Diff between two trees
commit(repo, "Second commit")
tree_1 <- tree(commits(repo)[[2]])
tree_2 <- tree(commits(repo)[[1]])
diff_6 <- diff(tree_1, tree_2)
summary(diff_6)
cat(diff(tree_1, tree_2, as_char=TRUE))

## Binary files
set.seed(42)
writeBin(as.raw((sample(0:255, 1000, replace=TRUE))),
        con=file.path(path, "test.bin"))
```

```
add(repo, "test.bin")
diff_7 <- diff(repo, index=TRUE)
summary(diff_7)
cat(diff(repo, index=TRUE, as_char=TRUE))

## End(Not run)
```

discover_repository *Find path to repository for any file*

Description

Find path to repository for any file

Usage

```
discover_repository(path = ".", ceiling = NULL)
```

Arguments

path	A character vector specifying the path to a file or folder
ceiling	The default is to not use the ceiling argument and start the lookup from path and walk across parent directories. When ceiling is 0, the lookup is only in path. When ceiling is 1, the lookup is in both the path and the parent to path.

Value

Character vector with path (terminated by a file separator) to repository or NULL if this cannot be established.

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize a temporary repository
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)

## Create a user and commit a file
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")
lines <- "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipisicing elit, sed do"
writeLines(lines, file.path(path, "example-1.txt"))
add(repo, "example-1.txt")
commit(repo, "First commit message")

## Create a second file. The file is not added for version control
## in the repository.
dir.create(file.path(path, "example"))
file_2 <- file.path(path, "example/example-2.txt")
```

```

writeLines("Not under version control", file_2)

## Find the path to the repository using the path to the second file
discover_repository(file_2)

## Demonstrate the 'ceiling' argument
wd <- workdir(repo)
dir.create(file.path(wd, "temp"))

## Lookup repository in 'file.path(wd, "temp")'. Should return NULL
discover_repository(file.path(wd, "temp"), ceiling = 0)

## Lookup repository in parent to 'file.path(wd, "temp")'.
## Should not return NULL
discover_repository(file.path(wd, "temp"), ceiling = 1)

## End(Not run)

```

fetch

Fetch new data and update tips

Description

Fetch new data and update tips

Usage

```

fetch(
  repo = ".",
  name = NULL,
  credentials = NULL,
  verbose = TRUE,
  refspect = NULL,
  proxy = NULL
)

```

Arguments

repo	a path to a repository or a <code>git_repository</code> object. Default is '.'
name	the remote's name
credentials	The credentials for remote repository access. Default is <code>NULL</code> . To use and query an ssh-agent for the ssh key credentials, let this parameter be <code>NULL</code> (the default).
verbose	Print information each time a reference is updated locally. Default is <code>TRUE</code> .
refspect	The refs to fetch and which local refs to update, see examples. Pass <code>NULL</code> to use the remote.<repository>.fetch variable. Default is <code>NULL</code> .
proxy	Either <code>NULL</code> (the default) to disable proxy usage, <code>TRUE</code> for automatic proxy detection, or a character string with a proxy URL (for example, " <code>http://proxy.example.org:3128</code> ").

Value

invisible list of class `git_transfer_progress` with statistics from the fetch operation:

total_objects Number of objects in the packfile being downloaded

indexed_objects Received objects that have been hashed

received_objects Objects which have been downloaded

total_deltas Total number of deltas in the pack

indexed_deltas Deltas which have been indexed

local_objects Locally-available objects that have been injected in order to fix a thin pack

received_bytes Size of the packfile received up to now

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize three temporary repositories
path_bare <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
path_repo_1 <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
path_repo_2 <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")

dir.create(path_bare)
dir.create(path_repo_1)
dir.create(path_repo_2)

bare_repo <- init(path_bare, bare = TRUE)
repo_1 <- clone(path_bare, path_repo_1)
repo_2 <- clone(path_bare, path_repo_2)

config(repo_1, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")
config(repo_2, user.name = "Bob", user.email = "bob@example.org")

## Add changes to repo 1
writeLines("Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet",
          con = file.path(path_repo_1, "example.txt"))
add(repo_1, "example.txt")
commit(repo_1, "Commit message")

## Push changes from repo 1 to origin (bare_repo)
push(repo_1, "origin", "refs/heads/master")

## Fetch changes from origin (bare_repo) to repo 2
fetch(repo_2, "origin")

## List updated heads
fetch_heads(repo_2)

## Checking out GitHub pull requests locally
path <- tempfile(pattern="ghit-")
repo <- clone("https://github.com/leeper/ghit", path)
fetch(repo, "origin", refspec = "pull/13/head:refs/heads/BRANCHNAME")
checkout(repo, "BRANCHNAME")
```

```
summary(repo)

## End(Not run)
```

fetch_heads	<i>Get updated heads during the last fetch.</i>
-------------	---

Description

Get updated heads during the last fetch.

Usage

```
fetch_heads(repo = ".")
```

Arguments

repo a path to a repository or a git_repository object. Default is '.'

Value

list with git_fetch_head entries. NULL if there is no FETCH_HEAD file.

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize three temporary repositories
path_bare <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
path_repo_1 <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
path_repo_2 <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")

dir.create(path_bare)
dir.create(path_repo_1)
dir.create(path_repo_2)

bare_repo <- init(path_bare, bare = TRUE)
repo_1 <- clone(path_bare, path_repo_1)
repo_2 <- clone(path_bare, path_repo_2)

config(repo_1, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")
config(repo_2, user.name = "Bob", user.email = "bob@example.org")

## Add changes to repo 1
writeLines("Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet",
          con = file.path(path_repo_1, "example.txt"))
add(repo_1, "example.txt")
commit(repo_1, "Commit message")

## Push changes from repo 1 to origin (bare_repo)
push(repo_1, "origin", "refs/heads/master")
```

```
## Fetch changes from origin (bare_repo) to repo 2
fetch(repo_2, "origin")

## List updated heads
fetch_heads(repo_2)

## End(Not run)
```

git2r

git2r: R bindings to the libgit2 library

Description

git2r: R bindings to the libgit2 library.

Author(s)

Maintainer: Stefan Widgren <stefan.widgren@gmail.com> ([ORCID](#))

Other contributors:

- Gabor Csardi [contributor]
- Gregory Jefferis [contributor]
- Jennifer Bryan [contributor]
- Jeroen Ooms [contributor]
- Jim Hester [contributor]
- John Blischak [contributor]
- Karthik Ram [contributor]
- Peter Carbonetto [contributor]
- Scott Chamberlain [contributor]
- Thomas Rosendal [contributor]

See Also

Useful links:

- <https://docs.ropensci.org/git2r/>
- <https://github.com/ropensci/git2r>
- Report bugs at <https://github.com/ropensci/git2r/issues>

git_config_files	<i>Locate the path to configuration files</i>
------------------	---

Description

Potential configuration files:

system Locate the path to the system configuration file. If '/etc/gitconfig' doesn't exist, it will look for '%PROGRAMFILES%'.

xdg Locate the path to the global xdg compatible configuration file. The xdg compatible configuration file is usually located in '\$HOME/.config/git/config'. This method will try to guess the full path to that file, if the file exists.

global The user or global configuration file is usually located in '\$HOME/.gitconfig'. This method will try to guess the full path to that file, if the file exists.

local Locate the path to the repository specific configuration file, if the file exists.

Usage

```
git_config_files(repo = ".")
```

Arguments

repo a path to a repository or a git_repository object. Default is '.'

Value

a data.frame with one row per potential configuration file where NA means not found.

git_time	<i>Time</i>
----------	-------------

Description

The class git_time stores the time a Git object was created.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'git_time'
as.character(x, tz = "GMT", origin = "1970-01-01", usetz = TRUE, ...)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'git_time'
format(x, tz = "GMT", origin = "1970-01-01", usetz = TRUE, ...)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'git_time'
as.POSIXct(x, tz = "GMT", origin = "1970-01-01", ...)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'git_time'
print(x, tz = "GMT", origin = "1970-01-01", usetz = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

x	R object to be converted.
tz	a character string. The time zone specification to be used for the conversion, <i>if one is required</i> . System-specific (see time zones), but "" is the current time zone, and "GMT" is UTC (Universal Time, Coordinated). Invalid values are most commonly treated as UTC, on some platforms with a warning.
origin	a date-time object, or something which can be coerced by <code>as.POSIXct(tz = "GMT")</code> to such an object. Optional since R 4.3.0, where the equivalent of "1970-01-01" is used.
usetz	logical. Should the time zone abbreviation be appended to the output? This is used in printing times, and more reliable than using "%Z".
...	further arguments to be passed to or from other methods.

Details

The default is to use `tz = "GMT"` and `origin = "1970-01-01"`. To use your local timezone, set `tz = Sys.timezone()`.

See Also

[when](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize a temporary repository
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)

## Create a first user and commit a file
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")
writeLines("Hello world!", file.path(path, "example.txt"))
add(repo, "example.txt")
commit(repo, "First commit message")

## Create tag
tag(repo, "Tagname", "Tag message")

as.POSIXct(commits(repo)[[1]]$author$when)
as.POSIXct(tags(repo)[[1]]$tagger$when)
as.POSIXct(tags(repo)[[1]]$tagger$when, tz = Sys.timezone())

## End(Not run)
```

hash *Determine the sha from a blob string*

Description

The blob is not written to the object database.

Usage

```
hash(data = NULL)
```

Arguments

data The string vector to hash.

Value

A string vector with the sha for each string in data.

Examples

```
## Not run:
identical(hash(c("Hello, world!\n",
                 "test content\n")),
           c("af5626b4a114abcb82d63db7c8082c3c4756e51b",
            "d670460b4b4aece5915caf5c68d12f560a9fe3e4"))

## End(Not run)
```

hashfile *Determine the sha from a blob in a file*

Description

The blob is not written to the object database.

Usage

```
hashfile(path = NULL)
```

Arguments

path The path vector with files to hash.

Value

A vector with the sha for each file in path.

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Create a file. NOTE: The line endings from writeLines gives
## LF (line feed) on Unix/Linux and CRLF (carriage return, line feed)
## on Windows. The example use writeChar to have more control.
path <- tempfile()
f <- file(path, "wb")
writeChar("Hello, world!\n", f, eos = NULL)
close(f)

## Generate hash
hashfile(path)
identical(hashfile(path), hash("Hello, world!\n"))

## End(Not run)
```

head.git_repository *Get HEAD for a repository*

Description

Get HEAD for a repository

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'git_repository'
head(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	The repository x to check head
...	Additional arguments. Unused.

Value

NULL if unborn branch or not found. A git_branch if not a detached head. A git_commit if detached head

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Create and initialize a repository in a temporary directory
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

## Create a file, add and commit
writeLines("Hello world!", file.path(path, "example.txt"))
```

```

add(repo, "example.txt")
commit(repo, "Commit message")

## Get HEAD of repository
repository_head(repo)

## End(Not run)

```

index_remove_bypath *Remove an index entry corresponding to a file on disk*

Description

Remove an index entry corresponding to a file on disk

Usage

```
index_remove_bypath(repo = ".", path = NULL)
```

Arguments

repo	a path to a repository or a <code>git_repository</code> object. Default is <code>'.'</code>
path	character vector with filenames to remove. The path must be relative to the repository's working folder. It may exist. If this file currently is the result of a merge conflict, this file will no longer be marked as conflicting. The data about the conflict will be moved to the "resolve undo" (REUC) section.

Value

`invisible(NULL)`

Examples

```

## Not run:
## Initialize a repository
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)

## Create a user
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

## Create a file
writeLines("Hello world!", file.path(path, "file-to-remove.txt"))

## Add file to repository
add(repo, "file-to-remove.txt")

## View status of repository

```

```

status(repo)

## Remove file
index_remove_bypath(repo, "file-to-remove.txt")

## View status of repository
status(repo)

## End(Not run)

```

init	<i>Init a repository</i>
------	--------------------------

Description

Init a repository

Usage

```
init(path = ".", bare = FALSE, branch = NULL)
```

Arguments

path	A path to where to init a git repository
bare	If TRUE, a Git repository without a working directory is created at the pointed path. If FALSE, provided path will be considered as the working directory into which the .git directory will be created.
branch	Use the specified name for the initial branch in the newly created repository. If branch=NULL, fall back to the default name.

Value

A `git_repository` object

See Also

[repository](#)

Examples

```

## Not run:
## Initialize a repository
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)
is_bare(repo)

## Initialize a bare repository
path_bare <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")

```

```
dir.create(path_bare)
repo_bare <- init(path_bare, bare = TRUE)
is_bare(repo_bare)

## End(Not run)
```

in_repository	<i>Determine if a directory is in a git repository</i>
---------------	--

Description

The lookup start from path and walk across parent directories if nothing has been found.

Usage

```
in_repository(path = ".")
```

Arguments

path The path to the directory.

Value

TRUE if directory is in a git repository else FALSE

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize a temporary repository
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)

## Create a user
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

## Check if path is in a git repository
in_repository(path)

## Check if working directory is in a git repository
setwd(path)
in_repository()

## End(Not run)
```

is_bare	<i>Check if repository is bare</i>
---------	------------------------------------

Description

Check if repository is bare

Usage

```
is_bare(repo = ".")
```

Arguments

repo a path to a repository or a git_repository object. Default is '.'

Value

TRUE if bare repository, else FALSE

See Also

[init](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize a repository
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)
is_bare(repo)

## Initialize a bare repository
path_bare <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path_bare)
repo_bare <- init(path_bare, bare = TRUE)
is_bare(repo_bare)

## End(Not run)
```

`is_binary`*Is blob binary*

Description

Is blob binary

Usage

```
is_binary(blob = NULL)
```

Arguments

`blob` The blob object.

Value

TRUE if binary data, FALSE if not.

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize a temporary repository
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)

## Create a user
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

## Commit a text file
writeLines("Hello world!", file.path(path, "example.txt"))
add(repo, "example.txt")
commit_1 <- commit(repo, "First commit message")

## Check if binary
b_text <- tree(commit_1)["example.txt"]
is_binary(b_text)

## Commit plot file (binary)
x <- 1:100
y <- x^2
png(file.path(path, "plot.png"))
plot(y ~ x, type = "l")
dev.off()
add(repo, "plot.png")
commit_2 <- commit(repo, "Second commit message")

## Check if binary
b_png <- tree(commit_2)["plot.png"]
```

```
is_binary(b_png)

## End(Not run)
```

is_blob	<i>Check if object is S3 class git_blob</i>
---------	---

Description

Check if object is S3 class git_blob

Usage

```
is_blob(object)
```

Arguments

object Check if object is S3 class git_blob

Value

TRUE if object is S3 class git_blob, else FALSE

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize a temporary repository
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)

## Create a user
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

## Commit a text file
writeLines("Hello world!", file.path(path, "example.txt"))
add(repo, "example.txt")
commit_1 <- commit(repo, "First commit message")
blob_1 <- tree(commit_1)["example.txt"]

## Check if blob
is_blob(commit_1)
is_blob(blob_1)

## End(Not run)
```

is_branch	<i>Check if object is git_branch</i>
-----------	--------------------------------------

Description

Check if object is git_branch

Usage

```
is_branch(object)
```

Arguments

object Check if object is of class git_branch

Value

TRUE if object is class git_branch, else FALSE

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize a temporary repository
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)

## Create a user
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

## Commit a text file
writeLines("Hello world!", file.path(path, "example.txt"))
add(repo, "example.txt")
commit(repo, "First commit message")

branch <- branches(repo)[[1]]

## Check if branch
is_branch(branch)

## End(Not run)
```

is_commit	<i>Check if object is a git_commit object</i>
-----------	---

Description

Check if object is a git_commit object

Usage

```
is_commit(object)
```

Arguments

object Check if object is a git_commit object

Value

TRUE if object is a git_commit, else FALSE

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize a temporary repository
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)

## Create a user
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

## Commit a text file
writeLines("Hello world!", file.path(path, "example.txt"))
add(repo, "example.txt")
commit_1 <- commit(repo, "First commit message")

## Check if commit
is_commit(commit_1)

## End(Not run)
```

`is_detached`*Check if HEAD of repository is detached*

Description

Check if HEAD of repository is detached

Usage

```
is_detached(repo = ".")
```

Arguments

`repo` a path to a repository or a `git_repository` object. Default is `'.'`

Value

TRUE if repository HEAD is detached, else FALSE.

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Create and initialize a repository in a temporary directory
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

## Create a file, add and commit
lines <- "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit, sed do"
writeLines(lines, file.path(path, "example.txt"))
add(repo, "example.txt")
commit_1 <- commit(repo, "Commit message 1")

## Change file, add and commit
lines <- c(
  "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit, sed do",
  "eiusmod tempor incididunt ut labore et dolore magna aliqua.")
writeLines(lines, file.path(path, "example.txt"))
add(repo, "example.txt")
commit(repo, "Commit message 2")

## HEAD of repository is not detached
is_detached(repo)

## Checkout first commit
checkout(commit_1)

## HEAD of repository is detached
is_detached(repo)
```

```
## End(Not run)
```

is_empty	<i>Check if repository is empty</i>
----------	-------------------------------------

Description

Check if repository is empty

Usage

```
is_empty(repo = ".")
```

Arguments

repo a path to a repository or a git_repository object. Default is '.'

Value

TRUE if repository is empty else FALSE.

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize a temporary repository
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)

## Create a user
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

## Check if it's an empty repository
is_empty(repo)

## Commit a file
writeLines("Hello world!", file.path(path, "example.txt"))
add(repo, "example.txt")
commit(repo, "First commit message")

## Check if it's an empty repository
is_empty(repo)

## End(Not run)
```

is_head	<i>Check if branch is head</i>
---------	--------------------------------

Description

Check if branch is head

Usage

```
is_head(branch = NULL)
```

Arguments

branch The branch object to check if it's head.

Value

TRUE if branch is head, else FALSE.

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize a temporary repository
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)

## Create a user and commit a file
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")
writeLines("Hello world!", file.path(path, "example.txt"))
add(repo, "example.txt")
commit(repo, "First commit message")

## List branches
branches(repo)

## Check that 'master' is_head
master <- branches(repo)[[1]]
is_head(master)

## Create and checkout 'dev' branch
checkout(repo, "dev", create = TRUE)

## List branches
branches(repo)

## Check that 'master' is no longer head
is_head(master)

## End(Not run)
```

is_local	<i>Check if branch is local</i>
----------	---------------------------------

Description

Check if branch is local

Usage

```
is_local(branch)
```

Arguments

branch The branch object to check if it's local

Value

TRUE if branch is local, else FALSE.

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize repositories
path_bare <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
path_repo <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path_bare)
dir.create(path_repo)
repo_bare <- init(path_bare, bare = TRUE)
repo <- clone(path_bare, path_repo)

## Config first user and commit a file
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

## Write to a file and commit
lines <- "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit, sed do"
writeLines(lines, file.path(path_repo, "example.txt"))
add(repo, "example.txt")
commit(repo, "First commit message")

## Push commits from repository to bare repository
## Adds an upstream tracking branch to branch 'master'
push(repo, "origin", "refs/heads/master")

## List branches
branches(repo)

## Check if first branch is_local
is_local(branches(repo)[[1]])

## Check if second branch is_local
```

```
is_local(branches(repo)[[2]])

## End(Not run)
```

is_merge	<i>Is merge</i>
----------	-----------------

Description

Determine if a commit is a merge commit, i.e. has more than one parent.

Usage

```
is_merge(commit = NULL)
```

Arguments

commit a git_commit object.

Value

TRUE if commit has more than one parent, else FALSE

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize a temporary repository
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)

## Create a user and commit a file
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")
writeLines(c("First line in file 1.", "Second line in file 1."),
           file.path(path, "example-1.txt"))
add(repo, "example-1.txt")
commit(repo, "First commit message")

## Create and add one more file
writeLines(c("First line in file 2.", "Second line in file 2."),
           file.path(path, "example-2.txt"))
add(repo, "example-2.txt")
commit(repo, "Second commit message")

## Create a new branch 'fix'
checkout(repo, "fix", create = TRUE)

## Update 'example-1.txt' (swap words in first line) and commit
writeLines(c("line First in file 1.", "Second line in file 1."),
           file.path(path, "example-1.txt"))
```

```
add(repo, "example-1.txt")
commit(repo, "Third commit message")

checkout(repo, "master")

## Update 'example-2.txt' (swap words in second line) and commit
writeLines(c("First line in file 2.", "line Second in file 2."),
           file.path(path, "example-2.txt"))
add(repo, "example-2.txt")
commit(repo, "Fourth commit message")

## Merge 'fix'
merge(repo, "fix")

## Display parents of last commit
parents(lookup(repo, branch_target(repository_head(repo))))

## Check that last commit is a merge
is_merge(lookup(repo, branch_target(repository_head(repo))))

## End(Not run)
```

is_shallow

Determine if the repository is a shallow clone

Description

Determine if the repository is a shallow clone

Usage

```
is_shallow(repo = ".")
```

Arguments

repo a path to a repository or a git_repository object. Default is '.'

Value

TRUE if shallow clone, else FALSE

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize repository
path_repo_1 <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
path_repo_2 <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path_repo_1)
dir.create(path_repo_2)
repo_1 <- init(path_repo_1)
```

```

## Config user and commit a file
config(repo_1, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

## Write to a file and commit
lines <- "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipisicing elit, sed do"
writeLines(lines, file.path(path_repo_1, "example.txt"))
add(repo_1, "example.txt")
commit(repo_1, "First commit message")

## Change file and commit
lines <- c(
  "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipisicing elit, sed do",
  "eiusmod tempor incididunt ut labore et dolore magna aliqua.")
writeLines(lines, file.path(path_repo_1, "example.txt"))
add(repo_1, "example.txt")
commit(repo_1, "Second commit message")

## Change file again and commit.
lines <- c(
  "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipisicing elit, sed do",
  "eiusmod tempor incididunt ut labore et dolore magna aliqua. Ut enim ad",
  "minim veniam, quis nostrud exercitation ullamco laboris nisi ut")
writeLines(lines, file.path(path_repo_1, "example.txt"))
add(repo_1, "example.txt")
commit(repo_1, "Third commit message")

## Clone to second repository
repo_2 <- clone(path_repo_1, path_repo_2)

## Check if it's a shallow clone
is_shallow(repo_2)

## End(Not run)

```

is_tag	<i>Check if object is a git_tag object</i>
--------	--

Description

Check if object is a git_tag object

Usage

```
is_tag(object)
```

Arguments

object	Check if object is a git_tag object
--------	-------------------------------------

Value

TRUE if object is a git_tag, else FALSE

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize a temporary repository
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)

## Create a user
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

## Commit a text file
writeLines("Hello world!", file.path(path, "example.txt"))
add(repo, "example.txt")
commit(repo, "First commit message")

## Create tag
tag(repo, "Tagname", "Tag message")

is_tag(tags(repo)[[1]])
is_tag(last_commit(repo))

## End(Not run)
```

is_tree

Check if object is S3 class git_tree

Description

Check if object is S3 class git_tree

Usage

```
is_tree(object)
```

Arguments

object Check if object is S3 class git_tree

Value

TRUE if object is S3 class git_tree, else FALSE

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize a temporary repository
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)

## Create a user
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

## Commit a text file
writeLines("Hello world!", file.path(path, "example.txt"))
add(repo, "example.txt")
commit_1 <- commit(repo, "First commit message")
tree_1 <- tree(commit_1)

## Check if tree
is_tree(commit_1)
is_tree(tree_1)

## End(Not run)
```

last_commit

Last commit

Description

Get last commit in the current branch.

Usage

```
last_commit(repo = ".")
```

Arguments

repo a path to a repository or a git_repository object. Default is '.'

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize a repository
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)

## Config user
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

## Write to a file and commit
```

```

lines <- "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipisicing elit, sed do"
writeLines(lines, file.path(path, "example.txt"))
add(repo, "example.txt")
commit(repo, "First commit message")

## Get last commit
last_commit(repo)
last_commit(path)

## Coerce the last commit to a data.frame
as.data.frame(last_commit(path), "data.frame")

## Summary of last commit in repository
summary(last_commit(repo))

## End(Not run)

```

length.git_blob	<i>Size in bytes of the contents of a blob</i>
-----------------	--

Description

Size in bytes of the contents of a blob

Usage

```

## S3 method for class 'git_blob'
length(x)

```

Arguments

x The blob object

Value

a non-negative integer

Examples

```

## Not run:
## Initialize a temporary repository
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)

## Create a user
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

## Commit a text file
writeLines("Hello world!", file.path(path, "example.txt"))

```

```

add(repo, "example.txt")
commit_1 <- commit(repo, "First commit message")
blob_1 <- tree(commit_1)["example.txt"]

## Get length in size of bytes of the content of the blob
length(blob_1)

## End(Not run)

```

length.git_diff	<i>Number of files in git_diff object</i>
-----------------	---

Description

Number of files in git_diff object

Usage

```

## S3 method for class 'git_diff'
length(x)

```

Arguments

x The git_diff object

Value

a non-negative integer

length.git_tree	<i>Number of entries in tree</i>
-----------------	----------------------------------

Description

Number of entries in tree

Usage

```

## S3 method for class 'git_tree'
length(x)

```

Arguments

x The tree object

Value

a non-negative integer or double (which will be rounded down)

libgit2_features	<i>Compile time options for libgit2.</i>
------------------	--

Description

Compile time options for libgit2.

Usage

```
libgit2_features()
```

Value

A list with threads, https and ssh set to TRUE/FALSE.

Examples

```
libgit2_features()
```

libgit2_version	<i>Version of the libgit2 library</i>
-----------------	---------------------------------------

Description

Version of the libgit2 library that the bundled source code is based on

Usage

```
libgit2_version()
```

Value

A list with major, minor and rev

Examples

```
libgit2_version()
```

lookup	<i>Lookup</i>
--------	---------------

Description

Lookup one object in a repository.

Usage

```
lookup(repo = ".", sha = NULL)
```

Arguments

repo	a path to a repository or a <code>git_repository</code> object. Default is <code>'.'</code>
sha	The identity of the object to lookup. Must be 4 to 40 characters long.

Value

a `git_blob` or `git_commit` or `git_tag` or `git_tree` object

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize a temporary repository
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)

## Create a user and commit a file
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")
lines <- "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit, sed do"
writeLines(lines, file.path(path, "example.txt"))
add(repo, "example.txt")
commit_1 <- commit(repo, "First commit message")

## Create tag
tag(repo, "Tagname", "Tag message")

## First, get SHAs to lookup in the repository
sha_commit <- sha(commit_1)
sha_tree <- sha(tree(commit_1))
sha_blob <- sha(tree(commit_1)["example.txt"])
sha_tag <- sha(tags(repo)[[1]])

## SHAs
sha_commit
sha_tree
sha_blob
sha_tag
```

```
## Lookup objects
lookup(repo, sha_commit)
lookup(repo, sha_tree)
lookup(repo, sha_blob)
lookup(repo, sha_tag)

## Lookup objects, using only the first seven characters
lookup(repo, substr(sha_commit, 1, 7))
lookup(repo, substr(sha_tree, 1, 7))
lookup(repo, substr(sha_blob, 1, 7))
lookup(repo, substr(sha_tag, 1, 7))

## End(Not run)
```

lookup_commit

Lookup the commit related to a git object

Description

Lookup the commit related to a `git_reference`, `git_tag` or `git_branch` object.

Usage

```
lookup_commit(object)

## S3 method for class 'git_branch'
lookup_commit(object)

## S3 method for class 'git_commit'
lookup_commit(object)

## S3 method for class 'git_tag'
lookup_commit(object)

## S3 method for class 'git_reference'
lookup_commit(object)
```

Arguments

`object` a git object to get the related commit from.

Value

A git commit object.

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Create a directory in tempdir
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)

## Initialize a repository
repo <- init(path)
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

## Create a file, add and commit
lines <- "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipisicing elit, sed do"
writeLines(lines, con = file.path(path, "test.txt"))
add(repo, "test.txt")
commit(repo, "Commit message 1")

## Get the commit pointed to by the 'master' branch
lookup_commit(repository_head(repo))

## Create a tag
a_tag <- tag(repo, "Tagname", "Tag message")

## Get the commit pointed to by 'a_tag'
lookup_commit(a_tag)

## End(Not run)
```

ls_tree

List the contents of a tree object

Description

Traverse the entries in a tree and its subtrees. Akin to the 'git ls-tree' command.

Usage

```
ls_tree(tree = NULL, repo = ".", recursive = TRUE)
```

Arguments

tree	default (NULL) is the tree of the last commit in repo. Can also be a <code>git_tree</code> object or a character that identifies a tree in the repository (see 'Examples').
repo	never used if tree is a <code>git_tree</code> object. A <code>git_repository</code> object, or a path (default = '.') to a repository.
recursive	default is to recurse into sub-trees.

Value

A data.frame with the following columns:

mode UNIX file attribute of the tree entry

type type of object

sha sha of the object

path path relative to the root tree

name filename of the tree entry

len object size of blob (file) entries. NA for other objects.

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize a temporary repository
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
dir.create(file.path(path, "subfolder"))
repo <- init(path)

## Create a user
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

## Create three files and commit
writeLines("First file", file.path(path, "example-1.txt"))
writeLines("Second file", file.path(path, "subfolder/example-2.txt"))
writeLines("Third file", file.path(path, "example-3.txt"))
add(repo, c("example-1.txt", "subfolder/example-2.txt", "example-3.txt"))
commit(repo, "Commit message")

## Traverse tree entries and its subtrees.
## Various approaches that give identical result.
ls_tree(tree = tree(last_commit(path)))
ls_tree(tree = tree(last_commit(repo)))
ls_tree(repo = path)
ls_tree(repo = repo)

## Skip content in subfolder
ls_tree(repo = repo, recursive = FALSE)

## Start in subfolder
ls_tree(tree = "HEAD:subfolder", repo = repo)

## End(Not run)
```

```
merge.git_branch      Merge a branch into HEAD
```

Description

Merge a branch into HEAD

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'git_branch'
merge(x, y = NULL, commit_on_success = TRUE, merger = NULL, fail = FALSE, ...)

## S3 method for class 'git_repository'
merge(x, y = NULL, commit_on_success = TRUE, merger = NULL, fail = FALSE, ...)

## S3 method for class 'character'
merge(
  x = ".",
  y = NULL,
  commit_on_success = TRUE,
  merger = NULL,
  fail = FALSE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	A path (default '.') to a repository, or a <code>git_repository</code> object, or a <code>git_branch</code> .
<code>y</code>	If <code>x</code> is a <code>git_repository</code> , the name of the branch to merge into HEAD. Not used if <code>x</code> is a <code>git_branch</code> .
<code>commit_on_success</code>	If there are no conflicts written to the index, the merge commit will be committed. Default is TRUE.
<code>merger</code>	Who made the merge. The default (NULL) is to use <code>default_signature</code> for the repository.
<code>fail</code>	If a conflict occurs, exit immediately instead of attempting to continue resolving conflicts. Default is FALSE.
<code>...</code>	Additional arguments (unused).

Value

A list of class `git_merge_result` with entries:

up_to_date TRUE if the merge is already up-to-date, else FALSE.

fast_forward TRUE if a fast-forward merge, else FALSE.

conflicts TRUE if the index contain entries representing file conflicts, else FALSE.

sha If the merge created a merge commit, the sha of the merge commit. NA if no merge commit created.

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Create a temporary repository
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)
config(repo, user.name="Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

## Create a file, add and commit
writeLines("Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit, sed do",
          con = file.path(path, "test.txt"))
add(repo, "test.txt")
commit_1 <- commit(repo, "Commit message 1")

## Create first branch, checkout, add file and commit
checkout(repo, "branch1", create = TRUE)
writeLines("Branch 1", file.path(path, "branch-1.txt"))
add(repo, "branch-1.txt")
commit(repo, "Commit message branch 1")

## Create second branch, checkout, add file and commit
b_2 <- branch_create(commit_1, "branch2")
checkout(b_2)
writeLines("Branch 2", file.path(path, "branch-2.txt"))
add(repo, "branch-2.txt")
commit(repo, "Commit message branch 2")

## Make a change to 'test.txt'
writeLines(c("Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit, sed do",
            "eiusmod tempor incididunt ut labore et dolore magna aliqua."),
          con = file.path(path, "test.txt"))
add(repo, "test.txt")
commit(repo, "Second commit message branch 2")

## Checkout master
checkout(repo, "master", force = TRUE)

## Merge branch 1
merge(repo, "branch1")

## Merge branch 2
merge(repo, "branch2")

## Create third branch, checkout, change file and commit
checkout(repo, "branch3", create=TRUE)
writeLines(c("Lorem ipsum dolor amet sit, consectetur adipiscing elit, sed do",
            "eiusmod tempor incididunt ut labore et dolore magna aliqua."),
          con = file.path(path, "test.txt"))
add(repo, "test.txt")
```

```

commit(repo, "Commit message branch 3")

## Checkout master and create a change that creates a merge conflict
checkout(repo, "master", force=TRUE)
writeLines(c("Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, adipisicing consectetur elit, sed do",
            "eiusmod tempor incididunt ut labore et dolore magna aliqua."),
           con = file.path(path, "test.txt"))
add(repo, "test.txt")
commit(repo, "Some commit message branch 1")

## Merge branch 3
merge(repo, "branch3")

## Check status; Expect to have one unstaged unmerged conflict.
status(repo)

## End(Not run)

```

merge_base

Find a merge base between two commits

Description

Find a merge base between two commits

Usage

```
merge_base(one = NULL, two = NULL)
```

Arguments

one	One of the commits
two	The other commit

Value

git_commit

Examples

```

## Not run:
## Create a directory in tempdir
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)

## Initialize a repository
repo <- init(path)
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

```

```

## Create a file, add and commit
writeLines("Master branch", file.path(path, "master_branch.txt"))
add(repo, "master_branch.txt")
commit_1 <- commit(repo, "Commit message 1")

## Create first branch, checkout, add file and commit
branch_1 <- branch_create(commit_1, "branch_1")
checkout(branch_1)
writeLines("Branch 1", file.path(path, "branch_1.txt"))
add(repo, "branch_1.txt")
commit_2 <- commit(repo, "Commit message branch_1")

## Create second branch, checkout, add file and commit
branch_2 <- branch_create(commit_1, "branch_2")
checkout(branch_2)
writeLines("Branch 2", file.path(path, "branch_2.txt"))
add(repo, "branch_2.txt")
commit_3 <- commit(repo, "Commit message branch_2")

## Check that merge base equals commit_1
stopifnot(identical(merge_base(commit_2, commit_3), commit_1))

## End(Not run)

```

notes

List notes

Description

List all the notes within a specified namespace.

Usage

```
notes(repo = ".", ref = NULL)
```

Arguments

repo a path to a repository or a `git_repository` object. Default is `'.'`

ref Reference to read from. Default (`ref = NULL`) is to call `note_default_ref`.

Value

list with `git_note` objects

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Create and initialize a repository in a temporary directory
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

## Create a file, add and commit
writeLines("Hello world!", file.path(path, "example.txt"))
add(repo, "example.txt")
commit_1 <- commit(repo, "Commit message 1")

## Create another commit
writeLines(c("Hello world!",
            "HELLO WORLD!"),
           file.path(path, "example.txt"))
add(repo, "example.txt")
commit_2 <- commit(repo, "Commit message 2")

## Create note in default namespace
note_create(commit_1, "Note-1")
note_create(commit_1, "Note-2", force = TRUE)

## Create note in named (review) namespace
note_create(commit_1, "Note-3", ref="refs/notes/review")
note_create(commit_2, "Note-4", ref="review")

## Create note on blob and tree
note_create(tree(commit_1), "Note-5")
note_create(tree(commit_1)["example.txt"], "Note-6")

## List notes in default namespace
notes(repo)

## List notes in 'review' namespace
notes(repo, "review")

## End(Not run)
```

note_create

Add note for a object

Description

Add note for a object

Usage

```
note_create(
  object = NULL,
  message = NULL,
  ref = NULL,
  author = NULL,
  committer = NULL,
  force = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

object	The object to annotate (git_blob, git_commit or git_tree).
message	Content of the note to add
ref	Canonical name of the reference to use. Default is note_default_ref.
author	Signature of the notes note author
committer	Signature of the notes note committer
force	Overwrite existing note. Default is FALSE

Value

git_note

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Create and initialize a repository in a temporary directory
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

## Create a file, add and commit
writeLines("Hello world!", file.path(path, "example.txt"))
add(repo, "example.txt")
commit_1 <- commit(repo, "Commit message 1")

## Create another commit
writeLines(c("Hello world!",
            "HELLO WORLD!"),
          file.path(path, "example.txt"))
add(repo, "example.txt")
commit_2 <- commit(repo, "Commit message 2")

## Check that notes is an empty list
notes(repo)

## Create note in default namespace
note_create(commit_1, "Note-1")
```

```
## Create note in named (review) namespace
note_create(commit_1, "Note-2", ref="refs/notes/review")
note_create(commit_2, "Note-3", ref="review")

## Create note on blob and tree
note_create(tree(commit_1), "Note-4")
note_create(tree(commit_1)["example.txt"], "Note-5")

## End(Not run)
```

note_default_ref	<i>Default notes reference</i>
------------------	--------------------------------

Description

Get the default notes reference for a repository

Usage

```
note_default_ref(repo = ".")
```

Arguments

repo a path to a repository or a git_repository object. Default is '.'

Value

Character vector of length one with name of default notes reference

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Create and initialize a repository in a temporary directory
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

## View default notes reference
note_default_ref(repo)

## End(Not run)
```

note_remove	<i>Remove the note for an object</i>
-------------	--------------------------------------

Description

Remove the note for an object

Usage

```
note_remove(note = NULL, author = NULL, committer = NULL)
```

Arguments

note	The note to remove
author	Signature of the notes commit author.
committer	Signature of the notes commit committer.

Value

invisible NULL

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Create and initialize a repository in a temporary directory
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

## Create a file, add and commit
writeLines("Hello world!", file.path(path, "example.txt"))
add(repo, "example.txt")
commit_1 <- commit(repo, "Commit message 1")

## Create note in default namespace
note_1 <- note_create(commit_1, "Note-1")

## Create note in named (review) namespace
note_2 <- note_create(commit_1, "Note-2", ref="refs/notes/review")

## List notes in default namespace
notes(repo)

## List notes in 'review' namespace
notes(repo, "review")

## Remove notes
```

```

note_remove(note_1)
note_remove(note_2)

## List notes in default namespace
notes(repo)

## List notes in 'review' namespace
notes(repo, "review")

## End(Not run)

```

 odb_blobs

Blobs in the object database

Description

List all blobs reachable from the commits in the object database. For each commit, list blob's in the commit tree and sub-trees.

Usage

```
odb_blobs(repo = ".")
```

Arguments

repo a path to a repository or a `git_repository` object. Default is `'.'`

Value

A `data.frame` with the following columns:

sha The sha of the blob

path The path to the blob from the tree and sub-trees

name The name of the blob from the tree that contains the blob

len The length of the blob

commit The sha of the commit

author The author of the commit

when The timestamp of the author signature in the commit

Note

A blob sha can have several entries

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Create a directory in tempdir
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)

## Initialize a repository
repo <- init(path)
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

## Create a file, add and commit
lines <- "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit, sed do"
writeLines(lines, file.path(path, "test.txt"))
add(repo, "test.txt")
commit(repo, "Commit message 1")

## Change file and commit
lines <- c(
  "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit, sed do",
  "eiusmod tempor incididunt ut labore et dolore magna aliqua.")
writeLines(lines, file.path(path, "test.txt"))
add(repo, "test.txt")
commit(repo, "Commit message 2")

## Commit same content under different name in a sub-directory
dir.create(file.path(path, "sub-directory"))
file.copy(file.path(path, "test.txt"),
          file.path(path, "sub-directory", "copy.txt"))
add(repo, "sub-directory/copy.txt")
commit(repo, "Commit message 3")

## List blobs
odb_blobs(repo)

## End(Not run)
```

odb_objects

List all objects available in the database

Description

List all objects available in the database

Usage

```
odb_objects(repo = ".")
```

Arguments

repo a path to a repository or a git_repository object. Default is '.'

Value

A data.frame with the following columns:

sha The sha of the object

type The type of the object

len The length of the object

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Create a directory in tempdir
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)

## Initialize a repository
repo <- init(path)
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

## Create a file, add and commit
lines <- "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit, sed do"
writeLines(lines, file.path(path, "test.txt"))
add(repo, "test.txt")
commit(repo, "Commit message 1")

## Create tag
tag(repo, "Tagname", "Tag message")

## List objects in repository
odb_objects(repo)

## End(Not run)
```

parents

Parents

Description

Get parents of a commit.

Usage

```
parents(object = NULL)
```

Arguments

object a git_commit object.

Value

list of git_commit objects

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize a temporary repository
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)

## Create a user and commit a file
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")
writeLines("First line.",
           file.path(path, "example.txt"))
add(repo, "example.txt")
commit_1 <- commit(repo, "First commit message")

## commit_1 has no parents
parents(commit_1)

## Update 'example.txt' and commit
writeLines(c("First line.", "Second line."),
           file.path(path, "example.txt"))
add(repo, "example.txt")
commit_2 <- commit(repo, "Second commit message")

## commit_2 has commit_1 as parent
parents(commit_2)

## End(Not run)
```

plot.git_repository *Plot commits over time*

Description

Plot commits over time

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'git_repository'
plot(
  x,
  breaks = c("month", "year", "quarter", "week", "day"),
  main = NULL,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

x	The repository to plot
breaks	Default is month. Change to year, quarter, week or day as necessary.
main	Default title for the plot is "Commits on repo:" and repository workdir base-name. Supply a new title if you desire one.
...	Additional arguments affecting the plot

Examples

```
## Not run:  
## Initialize repository  
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")  
dir.create(path)  
repo <- clone("https://github.com/ropensci/git2r.git", path)  
  
## Plot commits  
plot(repo)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

```
print.git_reflog_entry
```

Print a reflog entry

Description

Print a reflog entry

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'git_reflog_entry'  
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	The reflog entry
...	Unused

Value

None (invisible 'NULL').

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize a temporary repository
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)

## Create a user and commit a file
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")
writeLines("Hello world!", file.path(path, "example.txt"))
add(repo, "example.txt")
commit(repo, "First commit message")

## View repository HEAD reflog
reflog(repo)

## End(Not run)
```

pull

Pull

Description

Pull

Usage

```
pull(repo = ".", credentials = NULL, merger = NULL)
```

Arguments

repo	a path to a repository or a git_repository object. Default is '.'
credentials	The credentials for remote repository access. Default is NULL. To use and query an ssh-agent for the ssh key credentials, let this parameter be NULL (the default).
merger	Who made the merge, if the merge is non-fast forward merge that creates a merge commit. The default_signature for repo is used if this parameter is NULL.

Value

A list of class git_merge_result with entries:

up_to_date TRUE if the merge is already up-to-date, else FALSE.

fast_forward TRUE if a fast-forward merge, else FALSE.

conflicts TRUE if the index contain entries representing file conflicts, else FALSE.

sha If the merge created a merge commit, the sha of the merge commit. NA if no merge commit created.

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize repositories
path_bare <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
path_repo_1 <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
path_repo_2 <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path_bare)
dir.create(path_repo_1)
dir.create(path_repo_2)
repo_bare <- init(path_bare, bare = TRUE)
repo_1 <- clone(path_bare, path_repo_1)

## Config first user and commit a file
config(repo_1, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

## Write to a file and commit
lines <- "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipisicing elit, sed do"
writeLines(lines, file.path(path_repo_1, "example.txt"))
add(repo_1, "example.txt")
commit(repo_1, "First commit message")

## Push commits from first repository to bare repository
## Adds an upstream tracking branch to branch 'master'
push(repo_1, "origin", "refs/heads/master")

## Clone to second repository
repo_2 <- clone(path_bare, path_repo_2)
config(repo_2, user.name = "Bob", user.email = "bob@example.org")

## Change file and commit
lines <- c(
  "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipisicing elit, sed do",
  "eiusmod tempor incididunt ut labore et dolore magna aliqua.")
writeLines(lines, file.path(path_repo_1, "example.txt"))
add(repo_1, "example.txt")
commit(repo_1, "Second commit message")

## Push commits from first repository to bare repository
push(repo_1)

## Pull changes to repo_2
pull(repo_2)

## Change file again and commit. This time in repository 2
lines <- c(
  "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipisicing elit, sed do",
  "eiusmod tempor incididunt ut labore et dolore magna aliqua. Ut enim ad",
  "minim veniam, quis nostrud exercitation ullamco laboris nisi ut")
writeLines(lines, file.path(path_repo_2, "example.txt"))
add(repo_2, "example.txt")
commit(repo_2, "Third commit message")
```

```
## Push commits from second repository to bare repository
push(repo_2)

## Pull changes to repo_1
pull(repo_1)

## List commits in repositories
commits(repo_1)
commits(repo_2)
commits(repo_bare)

## End(Not run)
```

punch_card

Punch card

Description

Punch card

Usage

```
punch_card(repo = ".", main = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

repo	a path to a repository or a <code>git_repository</code> object. Default is <code>'.'</code>
main	Default title for the plot is "Punch card on repo:" and repository workdir base-name. Supply a new title if you desire one.
...	Additional arguments affecting the plot

Value

invisible NULL

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize repository
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- clone("https://github.com/ropensci/git2r.git", path)

## Plot
punch_card(repo)

## End(Not run)
```

 push
*Push***Description**

Push

Usage

```

push(
  object = ".",
  name = NULL,
  refspec = NULL,
  force = FALSE,
  credentials = NULL,
  set_upstream = FALSE,
  proxy = NULL
)

```

Arguments

object	path to repository, or a <code>git_repository</code> or <code>git_branch</code> .
name	The remote's name. Default is <code>NULL</code> .
refspec	The refspec to be pushed. Default is <code>NULL</code> .
force	Force your local revision to the remote repo. Use it with care. Default is <code>FALSE</code> .
credentials	The credentials for remote repository access. Default is <code>NULL</code> . To use and query an ssh-agent for the ssh key credentials, let this parameter be <code>NULL</code> (the default).
set_upstream	Set the current local branch to track the remote branch. Default is <code>FALSE</code> .
proxy	Either <code>NULL</code> (the default) to disable proxy usage, <code>TRUE</code> for automatic proxy detection, or a character string with a proxy URL (for example, " <code>http://proxy.example.org:3128</code> ").

Valueinvisible(`NULL`)**See Also**[cred_user_pass](#), [cred_ssh_key](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize two temporary repositories
path_bare <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
path_repo <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path_bare)
dir.create(path_repo)
repo_bare <- init(path_bare, bare = TRUE)

## Clone the bare repository. This creates remote-tracking
## branches for each branch in the cloned repository.
repo <- clone(path_bare, path_repo)

## Config user and commit a file
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

## Write to a file and commit
lines <- "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipisicing elit, sed do"
writeLines(lines, file.path(path_repo, "example.txt"))
add(repo, "example.txt")
commit(repo, "First commit message")

## Push commits from repository to bare repository
push(repo, "origin", "refs/heads/master")

## Now, unset the remote-tracking branch to NULL to demonstrate
## the 'set_upstream' argument. Then push with 'set_upstream = TRUE'
## to add the upstream tracking branch to branch 'master' again.
branch_get_upstream(repository_head(repo))
branch_set_upstream(repository_head(repo), NULL)
branch_get_upstream(repository_head(repo))
push(repo, "origin", "refs/heads/master", set_upstream = TRUE)
branch_get_upstream(repository_head(repo))

## Change file and commit
lines <- c(
  "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipisicing elit, sed do",
  "eiusmod tempor incididunt ut labore et dolore magna aliqua.")
writeLines(lines, file.path(path_repo, "example.txt"))
add(repo, "example.txt")
commit(repo, "Second commit message")

## Push commits from repository to bare repository
push(repo)

## List commits in repository and bare repository
commits(repo)
commits(repo_bare)

## End(Not run)
```

references

Get all references that can be found in a repository.

Description

Get all references that can be found in a repository.

Usage

```
references(repo = ".")
```

Arguments

repo a path to a repository or a `git_repository` object. Default is `'.'`

Value

Character vector with references

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize two temporary repositories
path_bare <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
path_repo <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path_bare)
dir.create(path_repo)
repo_bare <- init(path_bare, bare = TRUE)
repo <- clone(path_bare, path_repo)

## Config user and commit a file
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

## Write to a file and commit
lines <- "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit, sed do"
writeLines(lines, file.path(path_repo, "example.txt"))
add(repo, "example.txt")
commit(repo, "First commit message")

## Push commits from repository to bare repository
## Adds an upstream tracking branch to branch 'master'
push(repo, "origin", "refs/heads/master")

## Add tag to HEAD
tag(repo, "v1.0", "First version")

## Create a note
note_create(commits(repo)[[1]], "My note")

## List all references in repository
```

```
references(repo)

## End(Not run)
```

```
reflog           List and view reflog information
```

Description

List and view reflog information

Usage

```
reflog(repo = ".", refname = "HEAD")
```

Arguments

`repo` a path to a repository or a `git_repository` object. Default is `'.'`
`refname` The name of the reference to list. `'HEAD'` by default.

Value

S3 class `git_reflog` with `git_reflog_entry` objects.

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize a repository
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)

## Config user
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

## Write to a file and commit
lines <- "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipisicing elit, sed do"
writeLines(lines, file.path(path, "example.txt"))
add(repo, "example.txt")
commit(repo, "First commit message")

## Change file and commit
lines <- c(
  "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipisicing elit, sed do",
  "eiusmod tempor incididunt ut labore et dolore magna aliqua.")
writeLines(lines, file.path(path, "example.txt"))
add(repo, "example.txt")
commit(repo, "Second commit message")
```

```
## Change file again and commit
lines <- c(
  "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipisicing elit, sed do",
  "eiusmod tempor incididunt ut labore et dolore magna aliqua. Ut enim ad",
  "minim veniam, quis nostrud exercitation ullamco laboris nisi ut")
writeLines(lines, file.path(path, "example.txt"))
add(repo, "example.txt")
commit(repo, "Third commit message")

## View reflog
reflog(repo)

## End(Not run)
```

remotes

Get the configured remotes for a repo

Description

Get the configured remotes for a repo

Usage

```
remotes(repo = ".")
```

Arguments

repo a path to a repository or a git_repository object. Default is '.'

Value

Character vector with remotes

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize a temporary repository
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)

## Create a user and commit a file
config(repo, user.name="Alice", user.email="alice@example.org")
writeLines("Hello world!", file.path(path, "example.txt"))
add(repo, "example.txt")
commit(repo, "First commit message")

## Add a remote
remote_add(repo, "playground", "https://example.org/git2r/playground")
```

```
remotes(repo)
remote_url(repo, "playground")

## Rename a remote
remote_rename(repo, "playground", "foobar")
remotes(repo)
remote_url(repo, "foobar")

## Set remote url
remote_set_url(repo, "foobar", "https://example.org/git2r/foobar")
remotes(repo)
remote_url(repo, "foobar")

## Remove a remote
remote_remove(repo, "foobar")
remotes(repo)

## End(Not run)
```

remote_add	<i>Add a remote to a repo</i>
------------	-------------------------------

Description

Add a remote to a repo

Usage

```
remote_add(repo = ".", name = NULL, url = NULL)
```

Arguments

repo	a path to a repository or a git_repository object. Default is '.'
name	Short name of the remote repository
url	URL of the remote repository

Value

NULL, invisibly

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize a temporary repository
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)

## Create a user and commit a file
```

```

config(repo, user.name="Alice", user.email="alice@example.org")
writeLines("Hello world!", file.path(path, "example.txt"))
add(repo, "example.txt")
commit(repo, "First commit message")

## Add a remote
remote_add(repo, "playground", "https://example.org/git2r/playground")
remotes(repo)
remote_url(repo, "playground")

## Rename a remote
remote_rename(repo, "playground", "foobar")
remotes(repo)
remote_url(repo, "foobar")

## Set remote url
remote_set_url(repo, "foobar", "https://example.org/git2r/foobar")
remotes(repo)
remote_url(repo, "foobar")

## Remove a remote
remote_remove(repo, "foobar")
remotes(repo)

## End(Not run)

```

remote_ls

List references in a remote repository

Description

Displays references available in a remote repository along with the associated commit IDs. Akin to the 'git ls-remote' command.

Usage

```
remote_ls(name = NULL, repo = NULL, credentials = NULL, proxy = NULL)
```

Arguments

name	Character vector with the "remote" repository URL to query or the name of the remote if a repo argument is given.
repo	an optional repository object used if remotes are specified by name.
credentials	The credentials for remote repository access. Default is NULL. To use and query an ssh-agent for the ssh key credentials, let this parameter be NULL (the default).
proxy	Either NULL (the default) to disable proxy usage, TRUE for automatic proxy detection, or a character string with a proxy URL (for example, "http://proxy.example.org:3128").

Value

Character vector for each reference with the associated commit IDs.

Examples

```
## Not run:
remote_ls("https://github.com/ropensci/git2r")

## End(Not run)
```

remote_remove	<i>Remove a remote</i>
---------------	------------------------

Description

All remote-tracking branches and configuration settings for the remote will be removed.

Usage

```
remote_remove(repo = ".", name = NULL)
```

Arguments

repo	a path to a repository or a <code>git_repository</code> object. Default is <code>'.'</code>
name	The name of the remote to remove

Value

NULL, invisibly

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize a temporary repository
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)

## Create a user and commit a file
config(repo, user.name="Alice", user.email="alice@example.org")
writeLines("Hello world!", file.path(path, "example.txt"))
add(repo, "example.txt")
commit(repo, "First commit message")

## Add a remote
remote_add(repo, "playground", "https://example.org/git2r/playground")
remotes(repo)
remote_url(repo, "playground")
```

```
## Rename a remote
remote_rename(repo, "playground", "foobar")
remotes(repo)
remote_url(repo, "foobar")

## Set remote url
remote_set_url(repo, "foobar", "https://example.org/git2r/foobar")
remotes(repo)
remote_url(repo, "foobar")

## Remove a remote
remote_remove(repo, "foobar")
remotes(repo)

## End(Not run)
```

remote_rename	<i>Rename a remote</i>
---------------	------------------------

Description

Rename a remote

Usage

```
remote_rename(repo = ".", oldname = NULL, newname = NULL)
```

Arguments

repo	a path to a repository or a <code>git_repository</code> object. Default is <code>'.'</code>
oldname	Old name of the remote
newname	New name of the remote

Value

NULL, invisibly

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize a temporary repository
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)

## Create a user and commit a file
config(repo, user.name="Alice", user.email="alice@example.org")
writeLines("Hello world!", file.path(path, "example.txt"))
add(repo, "example.txt")
```

```
commit(repo, "First commit message")

## Add a remote
remote_add(repo, "playground", "https://example.org/git2r/playground")
remotes(repo)
remote_url(repo, "playground")

## Rename a remote
remote_rename(repo, "playground", "foobar")
remotes(repo)
remote_url(repo, "foobar")

## Set remote url
remote_set_url(repo, "foobar", "https://example.org/git2r/foobar")
remotes(repo)
remote_url(repo, "foobar")

## Remove a remote
remote_remove(repo, "foobar")
remotes(repo)

## End(Not run)
```

remote_set_url	<i>Set the remote's url in the configuration</i>
----------------	--

Description

This assumes the common case of a single-url remote and will otherwise raise an error.

Usage

```
remote_set_url(repo = ".", name = NULL, url = NULL)
```

Arguments

repo	a path to a repository or a <code>git_repository</code> object. Default is <code>'.'</code>
name	The name of the remote
url	The url to set

Value

NULL, invisibly

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize a temporary repository
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)

## Create a user and commit a file
config(repo, user.name="Alice", user.email="alice@example.org")
writeLines("Hello world!", file.path(path, "example.txt"))
add(repo, "example.txt")
commit(repo, "First commit message")

## Add a remote
remote_add(repo, "playground", "https://example.org/git2r/playground")
remotes(repo)
remote_url(repo, "playground")

## Rename a remote
remote_rename(repo, "playground", "foobar")
remotes(repo)
remote_url(repo, "foobar")

## Set remote url
remote_set_url(repo, "foobar", "https://example.org/git2r/foobar")
remotes(repo)
remote_url(repo, "foobar")

## Remove a remote
remote_remove(repo, "foobar")
remotes(repo)

## End(Not run)
```

remote_url

Get the remote url for remotes in a repo

Description

Get the remote url for remotes in a repo

Usage

```
remote_url(repo = ".", remote = NULL)
```

Arguments

repo	a path to a repository or a git_repository object. Default is '.'
remote	Character vector with the remotes to get the url from. Default is the remotes of the repository.

Value

Character vector with `remote_url` for each of the remote

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize a temporary repository
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)

## Create a user and commit a file
config(repo, user.name="Alice", user.email="alice@example.org")
writeLines("Hello world!", file.path(path, "example.txt"))
add(repo, "example.txt")
commit(repo, "First commit message")

## Add a remote
remote_add(repo, "playground", "https://example.org/git2r/playground")
remotes(repo)
remote_url(repo, "playground")

## Rename a remote
remote_rename(repo, "playground", "foobar")
remotes(repo)
remote_url(repo, "foobar")

## Set remote url
remote_set_url(repo, "foobar", "https://example.org/git2r/foobar")
remotes(repo)
remote_url(repo, "foobar")

## Remove a remote
remote_remove(repo, "foobar")
remotes(repo)

## End(Not run)
```

repository

Open a repository

Description

Open a repository

Usage

```
repository(path = ".", discover = TRUE)
```

Arguments

`path` A path to an existing local git repository.
`discover` Discover repository from path. Default is TRUE.

Value

A `git_repository` object with entries:

path Path to a git repository

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize a temporary repository
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)

# Configure a user
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

## Create a file, add and commit
writeLines("Hello world!", file.path(path, "test-1.txt"))
add(repo, 'test-1.txt')
commit_1 <- commit(repo, "Commit message")

## Make one more commit
writeLines(c("Hello world!", "HELLO WORLD!"),
           file.path(path, "test-1.txt"))
add(repo, 'test-1.txt')
commit(repo, "Next commit message")

## Create one more file
writeLines("Hello world!",
           file.path(path, "test-2.txt"))

## Brief summary of repository
repo

## Summary of repository
summary(repo)

## Workdir of repository
workdir(repo)

## Check if repository is bare
is_bare(repo)

## Check if repository is empty
is_empty(repo)

## Check if repository is a shallow clone
```

```
is_shallow(repo)

## List all references in repository
references(repo)

## List all branches in repository
branches(repo)

## Get HEAD of repository
repository_head(repo)

## Check if HEAD is head
is_head(repository_head(repo))

## Check if HEAD is local
is_local(repository_head(repo))

## List all tags in repository
tags(repo)

## End(Not run)
```

repository_head	<i>Get HEAD for a repository</i>
-----------------	----------------------------------

Description

Get HEAD for a repository

Usage

```
repository_head(repo = ".")
```

Arguments

repo a path to a repository or a git_repository object. Default is '.'

Value

NULL if unborn branch or not found. A git_branch if not a detached head. A git_commit if detached head

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Create and initialize a repository in a temporary directory
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")
```

```
## Create a file, add and commit
writeLines("Hello world!", file.path(path, "example.txt"))
add(repo, "example.txt")
commit(repo, "Commit message")

## Get HEAD of repository
repository_head(repo)

## End(Not run)
```

reset

Reset current HEAD to the specified state

Description

Reset current HEAD to the specified state

Usage

```
reset(object, reset_type = c("soft", "mixed", "hard"), path = NULL)
```

Arguments

object	Either a <code>git_commit</code> , a <code>git_repository</code> or a character vector. If object is a <code>git_commit</code> , HEAD is moved to the <code>git_commit</code> . If object is a <code>git_repository</code> , resets the index entries in the <code>path</code> argument to their state at HEAD. If object is a character vector with paths, resets the index entries in object to their state at HEAD if the current working directory is in a repository.
reset_type	If object is a <code>'git_commit'</code> , the kind of reset operation to perform. <code>'soft'</code> means the HEAD will be moved to the commit. <code>'mixed'</code> reset will trigger a <code>'soft'</code> reset, plus the index will be replaced with the content of the commit tree. <code>'hard'</code> reset will trigger a <code>'mixed'</code> reset and the working directory will be replaced with the content of the index.
path	If object is a <code>'git_repository'</code> , resets the index entries for all paths to their state at HEAD.

Value

invisible NULL

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize a temporary repository
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)
```

```
# Configure a user
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

## Create a file, add and commit
writeLines("Hello world!", file.path(path, "test-1.txt"))
add(repo, "test-1.txt")
commit_1 <- commit(repo, "Commit message")

## Change and stage the file
writeLines(c("Hello world!", "HELLO WORLD!"), file.path(path, "test-1.txt"))
add(repo, "test-1.txt")
status(repo)

## Unstage file
reset(repo, path = "test-1.txt")
status(repo)

## Make one more commit
add(repo, "test-1.txt")
commit(repo, "Next commit message")

## Create one more file
writeLines("Hello world!", file.path(path, "test-2.txt"))

## 'soft' reset to first commit and check status
reset(commit_1)
status(repo)

## 'mixed' reset to first commit and check status
commit(repo, "Next commit message")
reset(commit_1, "mixed")
status(repo)

## 'hard' reset to first commit and check status
add(repo, "test-1.txt")
commit(repo, "Next commit message")
reset(commit_1, "hard")
status(repo)

## End(Not run)
```

revparse_single

Revparse

Description

Find object specified by revision.

Usage

```
revparse_single(repo = ".", revision = NULL)
```

Arguments

```
repo          a path to a repository or a git_repository object. Default is '.'
revision      The revision string, see http://git-scm.com/docs/git-rev-parse.html#\_specifying\_revisions
```

Value

a git_commit or git_tag or git_tree object

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Create a directory in tempdir
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)

## Initialize a repository
repo <- init(path)
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

## Create a file, add and commit
lines <- "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipisicing elit, sed do"
writeLines(lines, file.path(path, "test.txt"))
add(repo, "test.txt")
commit(repo, "First commit message")

# Change file and commit
lines <- c(
  "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipisicing elit, sed do",
  "eiusmod tempor incididunt ut labore et dolore magna aliqua.")
writeLines(lines, file.path(path, "test.txt"))
add(repo, "test.txt")
commit(repo, "Second commit message")

revparse_single(repo, "HEAD^")
revparse_single(repo, "HEAD:test.txt")

## End(Not run)
```

 rm_file

Remove files from the working tree and from the index

Description

Remove files from the working tree and from the index

Usage

```
rm_file(repo = ".", path = NULL)
```

Arguments

repo a path to a repository or a git_repository object. Default is '.'
path character vector with filenames to remove. Only files known to Git are removed.

Value

```
invisible(NULL)
```

Examples

```
## Not run:  
## Initialize a repository  
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")  
dir.create(path)  
repo <- init(path)  
  
## Create a user  
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")  
  
## Create a file  
writeLines("Hello world!", file.path(path, "file-to-remove.txt"))  
  
## Add file to repository  
add(repo, "file-to-remove.txt")  
commit(repo, "First commit message")  
  
## Remove file  
rm_file(repo, "file-to-remove.txt")  
  
## View status of repository  
status(repo)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

sha

Get the SHA-1 of a git object

Description

Get the 40 character hexadecimal string of the SHA-1.

Usage

```
sha(object)

## S3 method for class 'git_blob'
sha(object)

## S3 method for class 'git_branch'
sha(object)

## S3 method for class 'git_commit'
sha(object)

## S3 method for class 'git_note'
sha(object)

## S3 method for class 'git_reference'
sha(object)

## S3 method for class 'git_reflog_entry'
sha(object)

## S3 method for class 'git_tag'
sha(object)

## S3 method for class 'git_tree'
sha(object)

## S3 method for class 'git_fetch_head'
sha(object)

## S3 method for class 'git_merge_result'
sha(object)
```

Arguments

object a git object to get the SHA-1 from.

Value

The 40 character hexadecimal string of the SHA-1.

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Create a directory in tempdir
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)

## Initialize a repository
```

```
repo <- init(path)
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

## Create a file, add and commit
lines <- "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipisicing elit, sed do"
writeLines(lines, file.path(path, "test.txt"))
add(repo, "test.txt")
commit(repo, "Commit message 1")

## Get the SHA-1 of the last commit
sha(last_commit(repo))

## End(Not run)
```

ssh_path	<i>Compose usual path to ssh keys</i>
----------	---------------------------------------

Description

This function provides a consistent means across OS-types to access the `.ssh` directory.

Usage

```
ssh_path(file = "")
```

Arguments

`file` basename of file for which path is requested

Details

On Windows-based systems, `path.expand("~/")` returns `"C:/Users/username/Documents"`, whereas the usual path to the `.ssh` directory is `"C:/Users/username"`.

On other operating systems, `path.expand("~/")` returns the usual path to the `.ssh` directory.

Calling `ssh_path()` with no arguments will return the usual path to the `.ssh` directory.

Value

Full path to the file

Examples

```
ssh_path()
ssh_path("is_rsa.pub")
```

ssl_cert_locations	<i>Set the SSL certificate-authority locations</i>
--------------------	--

Description

Set the SSL certificate-authority locations

Usage

```
ssl_cert_locations(filename = NULL, path = NULL)
```

Arguments

filename	Location of a file containing several certificates concatenated together. Default NULL.
path	Location of a directory holding several certificates, one per file. Default NULL.

Value

invisible(NULL)

Note

Either parameter may be 'NULL', but not both.

stash	<i>Stash</i>
-------	--------------

Description

Stash

Usage

```
stash(
  repo = ".",
  message = as.character(Sys.time()),
  index = FALSE,
  untracked = FALSE,
  ignored = FALSE,
  stasher = NULL
)
```

Arguments

repo	a path to a repository or a <code>git_repository</code> object. Default is <code>'.'</code>
message	Optional description. Defaults to current time.
index	All changes already added to the index are left intact in the working directory. Default is <code>FALSE</code>
untracked	All untracked files are also stashed and then cleaned up from the working directory. Default is <code>FALSE</code>
ignored	All ignored files are also stashed and then cleaned up from the working directory. Default is <code>FALSE</code>
stasher	Signature with stasher and time of stash

Value

invisible `git_stash` object if anything to stash else `NULL`

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize a temporary repository
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)

# Configure a user
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

# Create a file, add and commit
writeLines("Hello world!", file.path(path, "test.txt"))
add(repo, 'test.txt')
commit(repo, "Commit message")

# Change file
writeLines(c("Hello world!", "HELLO WORLD!"), file.path(path, "test.txt"))

# Check status of repository
status(repo)

# Create stash in repository
stash(repo)

# Check status of repository
status(repo)

# View stash
stash_list(repo)

## End(Not run)
```

`stash_apply`*Apply stash*

Description

Apply a single stashed state from the stash list.

Usage

```
stash_apply(object = ".", index = 1)
```

Arguments

<code>object</code>	path to a repository, or a <code>git_repository</code> object, or the stash object to pop. Default is a path = <code>'.'</code> to a repository.
<code>index</code>	The index to the stash to apply. Only used when <code>object</code> is a path to a repository or a <code>git_repository</code> object. Default is <code>index = 1</code> .

Details

If local changes in the working directory conflict with changes in the stash then an error will be raised. In this case, the index will always remain unmodified and all files in the working directory will remain unmodified. However, if you are restoring untracked files or ignored files and there is a conflict when applying the modified files, then those files will remain in the working directory.

Value

invisible NULL

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize a temporary repository
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)

# Configure a user
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

# Create a file, add and commit
writeLines("Hello world!", file.path(path, "test.txt"))
add(repo, 'test.txt')
commit(repo, "Commit message")

# Change file
writeLines(c("Hello world!", "HELLO WORLD!"), file.path(path, "test.txt"))

# Create stash in repository
```

```

stash(repo)

# Change file
writeLines(c("Hello world!", "HeLL0 w0rLd!"), file.path(path, "test.txt"))

# Create stash in repository
stash(repo)

# View stashes
stash_list(repo)

# Read file
readLines(file.path(path, "test.txt"))

# Apply latest git_stash object in repository
stash_apply(stash_list(repo)[[1]])

# Read file
readLines(file.path(path, "test.txt"))

# View stashes
stash_list(repo)

## End(Not run)

```

stash_drop

Drop stash

Description

Drop stash

Usage

```
stash_drop(object = ".", index = 1)
```

Arguments

object	path to a repository, or a <code>git_repository</code> object, or the stash object to drop. Default is a path = '.' to a repository.
index	The index to the stash to drop. Only used when object is a path to a repository or a <code>git_repository</code> object. Default is index = 1.

Value

invisible NULL

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize a temporary repository
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)

# Configure a user
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

# Create a file, add and commit
writeLines("Hello world!", file.path(path, "test.txt"))
add(repo, 'test.txt')
commit(repo, "Commit message")

# Change file
writeLines(c("Hello world!", "HELLO WORLD!"), file.path(path, "test.txt"))

# Create stash in repository
stash(repo)

# Change file
writeLines(c("Hello world!", "HeLlO wOrLd!"), file.path(path, "test.txt"))

# Create stash in repository
stash(repo)

# View stashes
stash_list(repo)

# Drop git_stash object in repository
stash_drop(stash_list(repo)[[1]])

## Drop stash using an index to stash
stash_drop(repo, 1)

# View stashes
stash_list(repo)

## End(Not run)
```

stash_list

List stashes in repository

Description

List stashes in repository

Usage

```
stash_list(repo = ".")
```

Arguments

repo a path to a repository or a git_repository object. Default is '.'

Value

list of stashes in repository

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize a temporary repository
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)

# Configure a user
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

# Create a file, add and commit
writeLines("Hello world!", file.path(path, "test-1.txt"))
add(repo, 'test-1.txt')
commit(repo, "Commit message")

# Make one more commit
writeLines(c("Hello world!", "HELLO WORLD!"), file.path(path, "test-1.txt"))
add(repo, 'test-1.txt')
commit(repo, "Next commit message")

# Create one more file
writeLines("Hello world!", file.path(path, "test-2.txt"))

# Check that there are no stashes
stash_list(repo)

# Stash
stash(repo)

# Only untracked changes, therefore no stashes
stash_list(repo)

# Stash and include untracked changes
stash(repo, "Stash message", untracked=TRUE)

# View stash
stash_list(repo)

## End(Not run)
```

 stash_pop

*Pop stash***Description**

Apply a single stashed state from the stash list and remove it from the list if successful.

Usage

```
stash_pop(object = ".", index = 1)
```

Arguments

object	path to a repository, or a <code>git_repository</code> object, or the stash object to pop. Default is a path = '.' to a repository.
index	The index to the stash to pop. Only used when object is a path to a repository or a <code>git_repository</code> object. Default is index = 1.

Value

invisible NULL

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize a temporary repository
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)

# Configure a user
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

# Create a file, add and commit
writeLines("Hello world!", file.path(path, "test.txt"))
add(repo, 'test.txt')
commit(repo, "Commit message")

# Change file
writeLines(c("Hello world!", "HELLO WORLD!"), file.path(path, "test.txt"))

# Create stash in repository
stash(repo)

# Change file
writeLines(c("Hello world!", "HelL0 w0rLd!"), file.path(path, "test.txt"))

# Create stash in repository
stash(repo)
```

```

# View stashes
stash_list(repo)

# Read file
readLines(file.path(path, "test.txt"))

# Pop latest git_stash object in repository
stash_pop(stash_list(repo)[[1]])

# Read file
readLines(file.path(path, "test.txt"))

# View stashes
stash_list(repo)

## End(Not run)

```

status

Status

Description

Display state of the repository working directory and the staging area.

Usage

```

status(
  repo = ".",
  staged = TRUE,
  unstaged = TRUE,
  untracked = TRUE,
  ignored = FALSE,
  all_untracked = FALSE
)

```

Arguments

repo	a path to a repository or a <code>git_repository</code> object. Default is <code>'.'</code>
staged	Include staged files. Default TRUE.
unstaged	Include unstaged files. Default TRUE.
untracked	Include untracked files and directories. Default TRUE.
ignored	Include ignored files. Default FALSE.
all_untracked	Shows individual files in untracked directories if untracked is TRUE.

Value

`git_status` with repository status

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize a repository
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)

## Config user
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

## Create a file
writeLines("Hello world!", file.path(path, "test.txt"))

## Check status; untracked file
status(repo)

## Add file
add(repo, "test.txt")

## Check status; staged file
status(repo)

## Commit
commit(repo, "First commit message")

## Check status; clean
status(repo)

## Change the file
writeLines(c("Hello again!", "Here is a second line", "And a third"),
           file.path(path, "test.txt"))

## Check status; unstaged file
status(repo)

## Add file and commit
add(repo, "test.txt")
commit(repo, "Second commit message")

## Check status; clean
status(repo)

## End(Not run)
```

summary.git_repository

Summary of repository

Description

Summary of repository

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'git_repository'  
summary(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object	The repository object
...	Additional arguments affecting the summary produced.

Value

None (invisible 'NULL').

Examples

```
## Not run:  
## Initialize a repository  
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")  
dir.create(path)  
repo <- init(path)  
  
## Config user  
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")  
  
## Create a file  
writeLines("Hello world!", file.path(path, "test.txt"))  
summary(repo)  
  
## Add file  
add(repo, "test.txt")  
summary(repo)  
  
## Commit  
commit(repo, "First commit message")  
summary(repo)  
  
## Change the file  
writeLines(c("Hello again!", "Here is a second line", "And a third"),  
           file.path(path, "test.txt"))  
summary(repo)  
  
## Add file and commit  
add(repo, "test.txt")  
commit(repo, "Second commit message")  
summary(repo)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

summary.git_stash	<i>Summary of a stash</i>
-------------------	---------------------------

Description

Summary of a stash

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'git_stash'  
summary(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object	The stash object
...	Additional arguments affecting the summary produced.

Value

None (invisible 'NULL').

Examples

```
## Not run:  
## Initialize a temporary repository  
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")  
dir.create(path)  
repo <- init(path)  
  
# Configure a user  
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")  
  
# Create a file, add and commit  
writeLines("Hello world!", file.path(path, "test.txt"))  
add(repo, 'test.txt')  
commit(repo, "Commit message")  
  
# Change file  
writeLines(c("Hello world!", "HELLO WORLD!"), file.path(path, "test.txt"))  
  
# Create stash in repository  
stash(repo, "Stash message")  
  
# View summary of stash  
summary(stash_list(repo)[[1]])  
  
## End(Not run)
```

summary.git_tree	<i>Summary of tree</i>
------------------	------------------------

Description

Summary of tree

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'git_tree'  
summary(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object	The tree object
...	Additional arguments affecting the summary produced.

Value

None (invisible 'NULL').

Examples

```
## Not run:  
## Initialize a temporary repository  
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")  
dir.create(path)  
repo <- init(path)  
  
## Create a user and commit a file  
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")  
writeLines("Hello world!", file.path(path, "example.txt"))  
add(repo, "example.txt")  
commit(repo, "First commit message")  
  
summary(tree(last_commit(repo)))  
  
## End(Not run)
```

tag *Create tag targeting HEAD commit in repository*

Description

Create tag targeting HEAD commit in repository

Usage

```
tag(  
  object = ".",  
  name = NULL,  
  message = NULL,  
  session = FALSE,  
  tagger = NULL,  
  force = FALSE  
)
```

Arguments

object	The repository object.
name	Name for the tag.
message	The tag message. Specify a tag message to create an annotated tag. A lightweight tag is created if the message parameter is NULL.
session	Add sessionInfo to tag message. Default is FALSE.
tagger	The tagger (author) of the tag
force	Overwrite existing tag. Default = FALSE

Value

invisible(git_tag) object

Examples

```
## Not run:  
## Initialize a temporary repository  
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")  
dir.create(path)  
repo <- init(path)  
  
## Create a user  
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")  
  
## Commit a text file  
filename <- file.path(path, "example.txt")  
writeLines("Hello world!", filename)  
add(repo, "example.txt")
```

```

commit(repo, "First commit message")

## Create an annotated tag
tag(repo, "v1.0", "Tag message")

## List tags
tags(repo)

## Make a change to the text file and commit.
writeLines(c("Hello world!", "HELLO WORLD!"), filename)
add(repo, "example.txt")
commit(repo, "Second commit message")

## Create a lightweight tag
tag(repo, "v2.0")

## List tags
tags(repo)

## End(Not run)

```

tags

Tags

Description

Tags

Usage

```
tags(repo = ".")
```

Arguments

repo a path to a repository or a `git_repository` object. Default is `'.'`

Value

list of tags in repository

Examples

```

## Not run:
## Initialize a temporary repository
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)

## Create a user
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

```

```
## Commit a text file
writeLines("Hello world!", file.path(path, "example.txt"))
add(repo, "example.txt")
commit(repo, "First commit message")

## Create tag
tag(repo, "Tagname", "Tag message")

## List tags
tags(repo)

## End(Not run)
```

tag_delete

Delete an existing tag reference

Description

Delete an existing tag reference

Usage

```
tag_delete(object = ".", name = NULL)
```

Arguments

object	Can be either the path (default is ".") to a repository, or a <code>git_repository</code> object, or a <code>git_tag</code> object. or the tag name.
name	If the object argument is a path to a repository or a <code>git_repository</code> , the name of the tag to delete.

Value

```
invisible(NULL)
```

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize a temporary repository
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)

## Create a user
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")

## Commit a text file
writeLines("Hello world!", file.path(path, "example.txt"))
```

```
add(repo, "example.txt")
commit(repo, "First commit message")

## Create two tags
tag(repo, "Tag1", "Tag message 1")
t2 <- tag(repo, "Tag2", "Tag message 2")

## List the two tags in the repository
tags(repo)

## Delete the two tags in the repository
tag_delete(repo, "Tag1")
tag_delete(t2)

## Show the empty list with tags in the repository
tags(repo)

## End(Not run)
```

tree

Tree

Description

Get the tree pointed to by a commit or stash.

Usage

```
tree(object = NULL)
```

Arguments

object the commit or stash object

Value

A S3 class `git_tree` object

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Initialize a temporary repository
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)

## Create a first user and commit a file
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")
writeLines("Hello world!", file.path(path, "example.txt"))
add(repo, "example.txt")
```

```

commit(repo, "First commit message")

tree(last_commit(repo))

## End(Not run)

```

when	<i>When</i>
------	-------------

Description

Help method to extract the time as a character string from a `git_commit`, `git_signature`, `git_tag` and `git_time` object.

Usage

```
when(object, tz = "GMT", origin = "1970-01-01", usetz = TRUE)
```

Arguments

<code>object</code>	the object to extract the time slot from.
<code>tz</code>	a character string. The time zone specification to be used for the conversion, <i>if one is required</i> . System-specific (see time zones), but "" is the current time zone, and "GMT" is UTC (Universal Time, Coordinated). Invalid values are most commonly treated as UTC, on some platforms with a warning.
<code>origin</code>	a date-time object, or something which can be coerced by <code>as.POSIXct(tz = "GMT")</code> to such an object. Optional since R 4.3.0, where the equivalent of "1970-01-01" is used.
<code>usetz</code>	logical. Should the time zone abbreviation be appended to the output? This is used in printing times, and more reliable than using "%Z".

Value

A character vector of length one.

See Also

[git_time](#)

Examples

```

## Not run:
## Initialize a temporary repository
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)
repo <- init(path)

## Create a first user and commit a file

```

```

config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")
writeLines("Hello world!", file.path(path, "example.txt"))
add(repo, "example.txt")
commit(repo, "First commit message")

## Create tag
tag(repo, "Tagname", "Tag message")

when(commits(repo)[[1]])
when(tags(repo)[[1]])
when(tags(repo)[[1]], tz = Sys.timezone())

## End(Not run)

```

workdir	<i>Workdir of repository</i>
---------	------------------------------

Description

Workdir of repository

Usage

```
workdir(repo = ".")
```

Arguments

repo a path to a repository or a `git_repository` object. Default is `'.'`

Value

Character vector with the path of the workdir. If the repository is bare, NULL will be returned.

Examples

```

## Not run:
## Create a directory in tempdir
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")
dir.create(path)

## Initialize a repository
repo <- init(path)

## Get the path of the workdir for repository
workdir(repo)

## End(Not run)

```

`[.git_tree`*Extract object from tree*

Description

Lookup a tree entry by its position in the tree

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'git_tree'  
x[i]
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	The tree object
<code>i</code>	The index (integer or logical) of the tree object to extract. If negative values, all elements except those indicated are selected. A character vector to match against the names of objects to extract.

Value

Git object

Examples

```
## Not run:  
##' Initialize a temporary repository  
path <- tempfile(pattern="git2r-")  
dir.create(path)  
dir.create(file.path(path, "subfolder"))  
repo <- init(path)  
  
##' Create a user  
config(repo, user.name = "Alice", user.email = "alice@example.org")  
  
##' Create three files and commit  
writeLines("First file", file.path(path, "example-1.txt"))  
writeLines("Second file", file.path(path, "subfolder/example-2.txt"))  
writeLines("Third file", file.path(path, "example-3.txt"))  
add(repo, c("example-1.txt", "subfolder/example-2.txt", "example-3.txt"))  
new_commit <- commit(repo, "Commit message")  
  
##' Pick a tree in the repository  
tree_object <- tree(new_commit)  
  
##' Display tree  
tree_object  
  
##' Select item by name
```

```
tree_object["example-1.txt"]

##' Select first item in tree
tree_object[1]

##' Select first three items in tree
tree_object[1:3]

##' Select all blobs in tree
tree_object[vapply(as(tree_object, 'list'), is_blob, logical(1))]

## End(Not run)
```

Index

* git credential functions

- cred_env, 34
- cred_ssh_key, 35
- cred_token, 36
- cred_user_pass, 37

* methods

- is_tree, 67
- libgit2_features, 71
- libgit2_version, 71
- ssl_cert_locations, 112

[.git_tree, 130

add, 4

ahead_behind, 6

as.character.git_time (git_time), 48

as.data.frame.git_repository, 7

as.data.frame.git_tree, 8

as.list.git_tree, 9

as.POSIXct.git_time (git_time), 48

blame, 10

blob_create, 12

branch_create, 14

branch_delete, 15

branch_get_upstream, 16

branch_remote_name, 17

branch_remote_url, 18

branch_rename, 19

branch_set_upstream, 20

branch_target, 21

branches, 13

bundle_r_package, 22

checkout, 23

clone, 25

commit, 26

commits, 28

config, 30

content, 31

contributions, 32

cred_env, 34, 35–37

cred_ssh_key, 25, 34, 35, 36, 37, 92

cred_token, 34, 35, 36, 37

cred_user_pass, 25, 34–36, 37, 92

default_signature, 38

descendant_of, 39

diff.git_repository, 40

diff.git_tree (diff.git_repository), 40

discover_repository, 12, 43

fetch, 44

fetch_heads, 46

format.git_time (git_time), 48

git2r, 47

git2r-package (git2r), 47

git_config_files, 48

git_time, 48, 128

hash, 50

hashfile, 50

head.git_repository, 51

in_repository, 54

index_remove_by_path, 52

init, 53, 55

is_bare, 55

is_binary, 56

is_blob, 57

is_branch, 58

is_commit, 59

is_detached, 60

is_empty, 61

is_head, 62

is_local, 63

is_merge, 64

is_shallow, 65

is_tag, 66

is_tree, 67

- last_commit, 68
- length.git_blob, 69
- length.git_diff, 70
- length.git_tree, 70
- libgit2_features, 71
- libgit2_version, 71
- lookup, 72
- lookup_commit, 73
- ls_tree, 74

- merge.character (merge.git_branch), 76
- merge.git_branch, 76
- merge.git_repository
 (merge.git_branch), 76
- merge_base, 78

- note_create, 80
- note_default_ref, 82
- note_remove, 83
- notes, 79

- odb_blobs, 84
- odb_objects, 85

- parents, 86
- plot.git_repository, 87
- print.git_reflog_entry, 88
- print.git_time (git_time), 48
- pull, 89
- punch_card, 91
- push, 92

- references, 94
- reflog, 95
- remote_add, 97
- remote_ls, 98
- remote_remove, 99
- remote_rename, 100
- remote_set_url, 101
- remote_url, 102
- remotes, 96
- repository, 25, 53, 103
- repository_head, 105
- reset, 106
- revparse_single, 107
- rm_file, 108

- sha, 109
- ssh_path, 111
- ssl_cert_locations, 112

- Startup, 34, 36
- stash, 112
- stash_apply, 114
- stash_drop, 115
- stash_list, 116
- stash_pop, 118
- status, 119
- summary.git_repository, 120
- summary.git_stash, 122
- summary.git_tree, 123

- tag, 124
- tag_delete, 126
- tags, 125
- time zones, 49, 128
- tree, 127

- when, 49, 128
- workdir, 129